THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Published by NEVILLE B. CRAIG, *near the S. W. corner of the Diamond—Weekly Paper, Two Dollars per year, in advance—Semi-Weekly Paper, Four Dollars per year, in advance.*

VOL. 48. TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1833. NO. 51.

TO LET,

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE pleasantly situated on the south side of the Monongahela river, a few perches above the Bridge Apply to the subscriber.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN

may 11, 1822.—tf

TO BE LET,

THE *Centre Building* in the range of Four Story Brick Houses recently erected on Market street, between 4th street and the Diamond. Possession will be given on the first day of January. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or in his absence, to Mr. James B. Irwin.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN.

November 22, 1832.—tf

Book and Stationery Store.

M. P. O'HERN,

HAVING purchased the entire Stock of CRAMER & SPEAR, in the *Bookselling and Book Binding* business, will continue at the old stand, No. 54, Franklin Head, Wood Street, where orders for every variety of Book and Job Printing and Bookbinding will be received and executed with neatness and despatch.

On hand a large assortment of School, Chap, and Miscellaneous Books; also, Stationery in all its variety.

Country Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. ☞Rags taken in exchange for Books and Paper.

N. B. *Steam Boat Books and Merchants' Account Books* Bound and Ruled to any given pattern, on the shortest notice.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.

☞The Subscribers very respectfully recommend the Patronage of their former Customers to their Successor, M. P. O'Hern, at their old stand Wood street.

CRAMER & SPEAR.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.—6m.

Notice to Creditors, &c.

SAMUEL STEVENSON, of the city of Pittsburgh, Merchant, having assigned all his Goods, Merchandise, Accounts, and Effects to the subscribers, in trust, for the benefit of his creditors, as named in his deed of Assignment. All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against him, will present them for settlement.

WILLIAM BELL, Jr.
JOHN ALEXANDER,
THOMAS STEVENSON.

August 14—tf

MUSIC STORE,

Number Nine Fifth Street,

THREE DOORS FROM MARKET.

PIANO FORTES, MUSIC, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, *at Eastern Prices.*

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand an extensive assortment of Piano Fortes, of the latest and most improved patterns, with and without Metalic Plate, which they can warrant to purchasers to stand in any climate. All the new publications of Music for the Piano Forte, Harp, Guitar, Violin, Flute, &c. &c. received as soon as published, with all the old Standard Music, making as large a collection, and as select as any in the Western country.

Musical Instruments, of all kinds, at Wholesale or Retail—Violins, Violincellos, Double Basses, Guitars; Flutes; Clarionetts; Flageolets, double and single; Octave Flutes; Fifes; Kent Bugles; Trumpets; French Horns; Trombones; Bass Horns; Bassoons; Post Horns; Bass and Snare Drums; Tamborines; Bird Organs; Musical Snuff Boxes; Harmonicas; Violin Bows; Bow Hair; Violin Strings; Harp Strings; Piano Wire; Clarionett and Bassoon Reeds; Music Paper; Music Pens; Music Desks, &c. &c.

Two Superior Church Organs, with 5 and 6 stops. Music copied and arranged for Military Bands—to Societies, Merchants, Seminaries, and Military Bands, a liberal deduction will be made.

The attention of Merchants, Professors, and Amateurs, as well as the patronage of the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh is respectfully solicited. SMITH & MELLOR.

N. B. Piano Fortes and Instruments tuned and repaired—Old Pianos taken in part for new ones.

Jan. 25, 1833.—3m.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between ALFRED COCHRAN & JAS. IRWIN, trading under the title of Cochran & Irwin, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by James Irwin.

ALFRED COCHRAN,
JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 1, 1833. [Jan. 18--tf.]

FOR RENT,

A FIRST Rate Wagon Tavern Stand. Also, for Rent, several Business Stands, situated in the most public parts of the city. For terms, inquire of DAVID GREER,

Jan. 15, 1833. *Lumber Merchant.*

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 26

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

march 14.—tf.

FOR SALE,

A VERY ELIGIBLE PIECE OF GROUND upon Market street, in the city of Pittsburgh, between Second and Third streets, now occupied by H. Ward, containing, in Front, on Market street, thirty-two, and extending back sixty feet.—For terms, inquire of JOHN HORNER.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

REMOVAL.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. have removed their Hardware Store to No. 86 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley.

Pittsburgh, January 25, 1833.—tf

TO LET,

THE HOUSE in Wood street, near Fourth, now occupied by J. & J. Patterson. Possession given on the first of April. Enquire of WM. HAYS.

Jan. 25, 1833.—tf

BUILDING LOTS.

FOR SALE—several BUILDING LOTS, situated in the town of Manchester, on the Beaver road, about a mile and a half below the Allegheny Bridge, near the residence of Thomas Barlow, Esq. A plan can be seen, and further particulars obtained, by applying to THOMAS BARLOW and JOHN SAMPSON, near the premises, or to BENJ. BAKEWELL, Pittsburgh

February 22—3w

25 HHDS. N. O. Sugar;
30 bbls. Molasses;
75 Bales Tennessee & Alabama Cotton;
200 bbls. Loaf Sugar;
40 do. Tar;
12 bbls. Sweet Malaga Wine;
1200 Tennessee Blooms;

In store, and for sale, by

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.

Dec. 25.—tf.

NOTES AND GOLD.

EVERY description of Bank Note Paper discounted at reduced rates. The highest premium paid for Foreign and American GOLD. Notes and Drafts collected: interest allowed on Special Deposits.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Sept. 21, 1832.

A FEW Copies of the old Edition of the Dictionary of the Bible, published by Cramer & Spear—*Brown's Notes*, complete in two vols. For sale low, by M. P. O'HERN,

Franklin Head, Wood street.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.—6m.

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. march 19—tf.

NEW DRUG STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have opened a Drug Store, No. 42 Market street, second door below third, where they have just received a large and general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c. which they offer for sale, Wholesale and Retail, on the most reasonable terms.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.

☞For sale, as above, Mons. Chabert, the celebrated French Fire King's Tapuyas Elixir, an instantaneous cure for the tooth ache.

April 13, 1832.—tf

FOR SALE—A number of Shares of Stock in the Navigation and Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, Broker, No 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. June 19.

Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash.

THE Compound Chlorine Tooth Wash effectually cleanses the teeth and mouth, speedily removes all canker or soreness; likewise, the smell or taste from the use of tobacco, and all that is offensive in the breath; in fine, it preserves the teeth and mouth, in all respects, in a clean and healthy condition. For sale at

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co's
Drug Store, No 42, Market street.

July 31.

MILL AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.

THE Subscriber has the satisfaction to say to the public, and his friends, that he has connected with his other business, the manufactury of Mill and Cross Cut Saws; and can furnish supplies to merchants and others: he believes them to be equal to any ever used in the western country—the experience of the workmen employed, with the known good qualities of the steel, justifies him in warranting the article to any who may be disposed to patronize western industry.

Z. PACKARD.

Northern Liberties, Pittsburgh, } tf
December 9, 1831. }

The undersigned, agent for the Point Saw Mill, in Pittsburgh, takes pleasure in saying, that the Mill Saws, made by Z. Packard, and which are now in use, in his mill, are equal, if not superior, to any he has ever used.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM, Ag't.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 21, 1831.

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, Ky.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. } Pittsburgh.
JAS. ADAMS, Jr. & Co. }
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

may 14, 1830.—tf.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO. of Wheeling.

THE Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Wheeling, incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, is duly organised and prepared to take both Fire and Marine risks on the customary terms. Officers for the current year:

JAMES H. FORSYTH, *President.*

Moses W. Chapline,	George Dulty,
Marcus Wilson,	Henry Moore,
William Lambdin,	Thomas Hughes,
William B. Tyson,	Ebenezer Zane,

Directors.

M. Nelson, *Sec'y.* Jan. 17.—tf.

New Hardware Store,

NO 66, WOOD STREET

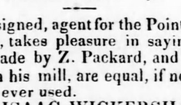
PITTSBURGH.

LOGAN & KENNEDY, having just received an extensive assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery, &c., respectfully invite the attention of Merchants, Mechanics, and others.

Also, a well selected assortment of *Union Factory* bench and moulding Planes.

Feb. 21, 1832.—tf

NEW COACH



MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscribers, still being associated, inform the Public, that they have enlarged their COACH MANUFACTORY, and will execute all Orders in their line, with promptness, and *in eastern style.* Having none but first rate Mechanics, and a good assortment of Coach Materials, they can furnish, at a short notice,

Post Coaches, Coaches, Barouches, Chariotees, Cariolees, Gigs, Sulkeys, Dearborns, &c. &c.

☞ REPAIRING done with dispatch.

JOHN HISE.
SAM'L. C. COLE.

☞ New and Second Hand Carriages and Gigs, always on hand, for sale or barter.

November 23.—tf

SLEIGHING.

AN *Elegant Two Horse Sleigh*—from the North—of Modern and approved Model, and superior finish. Just received and for sale by

JOHN DALZELL & Co.,

December 14—tf 170 Liberty street.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by H. MAC SHANE,

march 22, 1831.—tf Front street.

THE Subscribers are now receiving from the Eastern Markets, and offer for sale

A large and well selected assortment of

GROCERIES,

To which they invite the attention of their friends.

Also, on hand, Five Tons Scorched Salts; 200 bushels Dried Apples.

DICKEY & CAROTHERS.

Dec. 21, 1832.—tf

30 CASKS superior Sugar-house Molasses;
400 Missouri Hides;
10 quarter Casks Malaga Wine;
20 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
50 boxes smoked Herring;
100 do. Cincinnati Soap;

Received by late arrivals, and for sale by

H. MAC SHANE,

Feb. 14—tf. 76 Front street.

China & Queensware.

PEPPARD & CALLAN, importers, No. 37 Wood street, are receiving, in addition to their spring stock, a very general assortment of NEW PATTERNS, of a superior quality of ware.

DINING and TEA SETS, mantel ornaments, with plain and Cut Glass, at moderate prices.

June 22, 1832.—tf

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

Exchange Establishment,

NO. 68 WOOD STREET.

Zanesville	1	Michigan	3
Muskingum	1	Pottsville	1
New Jersey	1a2	Chambersburgh	1
Delaware	1	Wilksbarre	1½
Virginia	1	Lake Erie	2
New England	2	Painesville	2
South Carolina	3	New York	1½a2
North Carolina	5	Scioto	3
Louisiana	5		

GEORGE A. COOK,

Aug. 17. Exchange Broker.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers. W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829—tf. *Executors.*

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine.*—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied.*

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood: where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

WHOLESALE

Earthen-Ware House,

No. 37, Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Next door to Messrs. Tassey & Church, and nearly opposite Griffith's Hotel.

THE undersigned have made arrangements for regular importations of

China and Earthen-Ware,

And they expect within a few weeks to receive their spring stock of Ware, which will be of the first quality, newest pattern, and quite as extensive as any wholesale house West of the Mountains.

A very general assortment of Pittsburgh manufactured *GLASS* will be kept on hand.

Orders for Ware, left at this house, shall be packed with care and punctuality.

Prices and terms will be found accommodating.

STANDISH PEPPARD,
JAMES CALLAN.

Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

TO LET,

THE New Three Story Stone Front Building, on the south side of Wood street, being the second east of Diamond alley. ☞ Enquire of NEVILLE B. CRAIG.

January 4, 1833.

WANTED,

SOUTH Carolina and Michigan Paper. Also, Foreign and American

GOLD, AND BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES

Six per cent. allowed on Special Deposits,

Payable to Order, or return of Certificate. Apply to GEORGE A. COOK, *No.* 68, *Wood street, Pittsburgh.* Jan. 15, 1833.

CITY AUCTION ROOM,

NO. 41 WOOD STREET.

Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830 tf.

WANTED,

A FEW THOUSAND SOVEREIGNS—Also, 500 pounds in Bank of England Notes. Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at low rates. Certificates issued on Special Deposits, bearing interest from date. Sums not received less than 100 dollars, nor for a less period than 30 days, or longer than one year.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

February 26.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS.

CURLING, HIGBY & CURLINGS,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have hitherto received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have *Considerably reduced the prices of their Glass,*

AND HAVE OPENED A STORE ROOM,

NUMBER 7 MARKET STREET,

Near the Steam Boat Landing, where they will a all times keep a General Assortment of articles in their line, to which they respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and Dealers.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 26, 1833.—1m

NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay

January 21.

New Works.

THE Comic Offering; or Lady's Melange of Literary Mirth, for 1833, illustrated by numerous designs; edited by Miss S. H. Sheridan.

The Amulet; a Christian and Literary Remembrancer; edited by S. C. Hill, for 1833.

Religious Souvenir; a Christmas, New Year's and Birth Day Present, for 1833.

Boswell's Life of Johnson—The Life of Samuel Johnson, L. L. D., including a Journal of a Tour to the Hebrides; by James Boswell, Esq., a new edition, with numerous additions and notes; by James Wilson Croker, L. L. D. F. R. S., in 2 vols.

The Signs of the Times; as denoted by fulfilment of Historical Predictions, traced down from the Babylonish Captivity to the present time; by Rev. Alexander Keith, Minister of St. Cyrus, Author of "The Evidences of Prophesy:" in 2 vols.

The American Citizen; the Right of an American Citizen, with a Commentary on State Rights, and on the Constitution and Policy of the United States; by Benjamin L. Oliver, Counsellor at Law.

The Excitement; or a Book to induce young persons to Read, containing Remarkable Appearances in Nature, Signal Preservations.

Chalmers' Political Economy; in connection with the Moral State, and Moral Prospects of Society; by Thomas Chalmers, D. D. Professor of Divinity in the University of Edinburgh.

Dermot Mac Morrogh; or the Conquest of Ireland, an Historical Tale of the Twelfth Century, in four Cantos; by John Quincy Adams. Just received and for sale by

D. M. HOGAN,
No. 73 Wood street.

Dec. 14, 1832.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, John Sherer, Jr. of Newcastle, Mercer county, Merchant, did, on 11th December, 1832, execute and deliver to the subscribers, an assignment of all his real and personal estate, in trust for the benefit of such of his creditors as shall, on or before 1st March next, ensuing, execute and deliver a release of all and every their respective claims and demands against him, the said John Sherer, Jr., notice is hereby given, that said deed of assignment and release are now in the possession of Stephen Colwell, Esq., Pittsburgh, where the release may be executed.

ROB'T M'FARLANE.
DAVID COURTNEY, Jr.

Feb. 1—9t *Acting Assignees.*

Rare opportunity, and Great Bargain!

PRINCIPALS of Colleges, Seminaries, and Scientific Gentlemen are informed, that for the small sum of $25, a *Planetarium or Orrery*, of a large size, may be purchased. It correctly represents the annual motions of the planets Mercury, Venus, the Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, and their moons, around the Sun. Diameter of Saturn's orbit, nearly 5 feet. The planets from a half an inch to 6 inches in diameter. The wheels and sockets of the Machinery made of solid brass castings. It appears to be the only machine of the kind in Western Pennsylvania, and cost the maker 100 dollars. Enquire at S. Holden's tavern, Fifth street, between Market and Wood streets.

February 1.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 5, for 1833, to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 9th of March, 1833: Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. 66 Number Lottery: Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000	$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	6,000	6,000
2	2,000	4,000
2	1,550	3,480
3	1 200	3,600
10	1,000	10,000
20	400	7,000
20	200	4,000
60	100	6,000
56	50	2,800
56	40	2,240
56	30	1,680
112	20	2,240
2240	10	22,400
15400	5	77,000
45760 tickets.		$183,040

Tickets, $5; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

Orders from abroad, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid.

Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

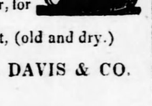
GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where was sold, a few weeks since, the splendid capital prize of SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS; and where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS!!

Feb. 26, 1832.

50 BBLS. OLD WHISKEY;
30 do. Common do.;
33 do. American Brandy, good quality;
50 bbls. S. F. Flour, for family use;



200 bbls. No 1, Salt, (old and dry.)

For sale by

JOHN D. DAVIS & CO.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 5.—6t.

GUITARS.

JUST received—a new assortment of SPANISH GUITARS, and GUITAR MUSIC. For sale at SMITH & MELLOR'S

Music Store, No. 9 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

February 22.—4w

CIRCULAR.

THE undersigned, late of the firm of Cochran & Irwin, having purchased the interest of Messrs. Dobbin & Irwin, and taken the house lately occupied by them, corner of Market and Water streets, is now prepared to transact a *General Commission and Forwarding Business.*

All consignments, or orders, addressed to him, will meet with prompt attention, and every exertion will be made to promote the interest and secure the confidence of those who may entrust him with business.

A good assortment of *Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles*, at Manufacturers' prices, always on hand. JAMES IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1833.—tf

We take pleasure in recommending to our friends and customers, our successor, Mr. James Irwin, to whom we have sold our interest, and transferred our business. From our long acquaintance with Mr. Irwin, and entire confidence in his integrity and ability, we are well assured that he will give general satisfaction.

HAMILTON R. DOBBIN,
JAMES S. IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1, 1833.

ALEXANDER & RUFUS, a Treatise on Church Government, by the late Dr. Anderson—only Edition in the United States—for sale by M. P. O'HERN.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 11, 1832.—6m.

A THERMOMETER, made by Fisher, Philadelphia, was taken from the door check of the subscriber, on Sunday evening, between dark and nine o'clock. The thief will probably endeavor to exchange it for cash. Information relating to either is requested.

JAMES R. SPEER,
No. 130 Wood street.

Jan. 22, 1833.

11 BALES SPANISH MOSS—Just received and for sale low, by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd.

January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street

JAMES IRWIN

HAS on hand, and offers for sale, on accommodating terms—

25,000 pounds BACON;
3,500 do. FEATHERS;
2,000 do. CAST STEEL;
500 do. CROWLEY STEEL;
700 do. ZINC;
4,000 do. LAMP BLACK;
4,000 do. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
500 do. CANDLEWICK;
10 bales Cuba TOBACCO;
30 boxes Ky. Manufactured do;
40 kegs do. do. do.;
20 barrels Prime PORK;
150 do. No. 2 and 3 MACKEREL;
30 tons LOG WOOD;
80 Salted HIDES;
200 Dry do.;
500,000 Kentucky SEGARS;
120 bundles BINDERS' BOARDS;
75 groce BONNET BOARDS;
200 reams WRITING PAPER.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 5—tf

PETER & GEORGE LORILLARD.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF MANUFACTURERS,

NO. 42 CHATHAM STREET,

NEW YORK,

Have constantly for sale the following articles.

FINE BROWN SNUFF.

GENUINE MACCOBOY, } *Rose flavored.*
Imitation do }
Sicily do
Maltese do
Curacoa do
American Rappee, } *Strong, not Scented.*
Holland do }
Tuberose do
St. Omare do
Strasburgh do

COARSE BROWN SNUFF.

Demigros, } *Superior flavored.*
Pure Virginia, }
Copenhagen, }
Bourbon, }
St. Domingo, }
Nachitoches, }
French Rappee. } *Strong, not scented*
American Gentleman, }
Pure Spanish, }
L. Mixture, }

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, } *Fine.*
do Half Toast, }
do High Toast, }
Irish Blackguard, } *Coarse.*
or }
Irish High Toast, }

SWEET SCENTED, FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

Small papers, labeled P. A. L.
do do do P. & G. L.
do do do P. & G.
1 lb. papers, labeled P. A. L.
½ lb. do do P. A. L.
¼ lb. do do P. A. L.

¼ lb. papers, labeled Sweet Scented Oronoko—Extra Superior, manufactured only by *P. Lorillard, Jr.*

FINE CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Spanish, Kitefoot, Canister, Common, Stems, in 1-4, 1 2, and 1 lb. papers.

All articles sold at the above store can be returned, if not approved, and the money will be refunded.

N. B. A liberal discount made for Cash, by Wholesale.

Brown Snuff packed in ½ and 1 lb. bottles, and 3, 6, 12, and 18 lb. Jars.

Yellow do. do. in ½ and 1 lb. bottles and small and large bladders.

Cut Tobacco, packed in ½ barrels, barrels, and Tierces.

The Genuine Maccoboy Snuff is manufactured only by P. & G. Lorillard, who have also the imitation do. do. from 20 to 30 per cent. lower, the same as manufactured in many places, and sold under various names.

N. B. A constant supply of the above article may be had of the principal dealers in Pittsburgh

BEWARE OF DECEPTION.

Several persons are in the practice of using a Label on their snuffs, in imitation of the subscribers', which they have used for upwards of thirty years, and can be for no other purpose than to deceive.

Some are also in the practice of mixing inferior Snuff with their Genuine Maccoboy Snuff, and selling it as first quality.

Others are also in the practice of filling empty jars with the subscribers' label on them, with inferior Snuff, and selling it as their manufacture.

Their motive in making this publication, is to guard their customers against the deception practised upon them.

P. & G. LORILLARD.

February 19, 1833.—sw6w.

OLD WINES AND LIQUORS.

WE have made several late importations of these articles, and now offer—

Champagne, of every variety of brands, in pint and quart bottles;
Madeira, do. do., up to $8 per gal. and $72 per dozen;
Pale, Brown, and Gold Sherry;
Malmsey Madeira, old and very rich;
Sercial do. do. do.;
Port, Burgundy, and Claret;
Johannisberger, Markebronner, Hockheimer, Leibfromilch, &c.;
Champagne, Cogniac, and Premium Brandy, up to $8 per gallon;
Cologne Gin, in stone jars, (very superior;)
Old Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirits, &c.;

☞Tavern keepers and others are informed that, in addition to these *Superior Wines and Liquors* offered them, we have, for common uses, all kinds, at less prices.

Ladies' Wines, and Cordials,

White Constantia, Marichine, Fentignac, with all varieties, sweet and mild.

CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.

March 8.—2m.

New Pianos, for sale, very low.

THE Subscribers, having lately received, on consignment, three PIANOS, of the best and most approved patterns, offer them for sale on the most advantageous terms, and lower than eastern prices, carriage given in.

The Pianos are with or without Metallic Plate, and in every manner equal as to tone and beauty of finish, to any made in the United States.

Being instructed to sell them very low, we respectfully invite all those wishing to buy, to call upon us. JOHN I. KAY & Co.,

Booksellers, Market st., opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

March 8, 1833.—tf

Postage Accounts.

PERSONS indebted to the subscriber for letter or newspaper postage, are respectfully requested to call at the room lately occupied as the Post Office, and settle their bills.

WM. EICHBAUM,
Late Post Master

March 5, 1833.—3t.

JUST RECEIVED, per Steam Boat Juniata, and for Sale by JAMES IRWIN, corner of Market and Water streets,

30 Barrels NEW ORLEANS SUGAR.

ALSO, ON HAND,

1 Caroon Sp. FLOTANT INDIGO.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 26, 1833.—tf

NEW WORKS.

NORTHANGER ABBEY, by Miss Austin: Author of 'Pride and Prejudice,' 'Mansfield Park,' &c.: with a Biographical Sketch of the Author: 2 vols., 12mo.

An Essay on Moral Culture—addressed to Parents and Teachers: By M. M. Carll: 1 vol., 18mo.

Penmanship, or the Beauties of Writing, exemplified, in a variety of Specimens, Practical and Ornamental: By Nathaniel D. Gould.

Also, Rand's Practical Small Hand Copies—and Noyes' System of Practical Penmanship.

Just received, and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., No. 44, Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. Feb. 22.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of Thompson & Miller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement.

ROBERT THOMPSON,
THOMAS MILLER.

Jan. 1st, 1833.

The business will be continued, in future, by Robert Thompson & John Scott, Jr., under the firm of

THOMPSON & SCOTT,

At the old stand, No. 81 Wood, between Fourth street and Diamond alley, where will be constantly kept a general and choice assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

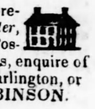
☞The subscriber, on retiring from the above firm of Thompson & Miller, takes pleasure in recommending his successors, Thompson & Scott, to the patronage of the old customers, and the public generally.

THOMAS MILLER.

Feb. 19, 1833.—tf.

TO RENT,

THE Splendid Store House, at present occupied by *S. J. Sylvester*, corner of Fourth and Wood streets. Possession given on 1st April. For terms, enquire of Dr. E. Hale, Allen Kramer, S. P. Darlington, or WM. ROBINSON.



January 29, 1833.—tf

NEW BOOKS.

THE OUTLAW'S BRIDE, and other Tales: in 2 vols.

TRAVELS IN VARIOUS PARTS OF PERU; including a year's residence in Potosi. By Edmond Temple, Knight of the Royal and distinguished Order of Charles III.

MEMOIRS OF FANNY NEWELL; written by herself, and published at her particular request, and the desire of numerous friends: Second Edition, with corrections and improvements. Just received and for sale by

JOHN I. KAY & Co.,

44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh.

February 15—6t

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 9, for 1833; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 9th March, 1833 YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. 66 No. Lottery: Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	6,000	6,000
2	2,000	4,000
2	1,540	3,080
3	1,200	3,600
10	1,000	10,000
20	400	8,000
20	200	4,000
60	100	6,000
56	50	2,800
56	40	2,240
56	30	1,680
112	20	4,240
2240	10	22,400
15400	5	77,000
45760 tickets.		$183,040

Tickets, $5; Halves, $2 50; Quarters, $1 25.

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address WM. HAMILTON,

No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.

March 5, 1833.

POETRY.

We copy the following beautiful lines from 'Poetical Quotations,' by Thomas Addington.—They are there given as anonymous. We remember seeing them in the newspapers some years since. Can any one tell us who is their author?

SEDUCTION.

Accurs'd be he whose guileful tongue
Can wrong a woman's captive heart—
That fount from which has sweetly sprung
The joys it could alone impart—
Can turn that fount to grief and gall,
And poison her existence all!

Accursed be he, whose lips can press
A woman's lips of sinless glow,
Yet leave them, 'mid her happiness,
To pour the lonely plaint of wo,
That from the midnight shadows drear,
Is wafted to no human ear!

Accursed be he, who twines his arms
Around a woman's melting form,
Yet leaves her praised and peerless charms
A prey to sorrow's canker-worm—
Like lovely flowers that pass away,
Even in the sunbright month of May!

Accursed be he—ay, may he pass
Along the turf where she is laid,
Yet, 'mid the rank and waving grass
A couchant serpent shall be laid,
That will a sting of conscience dart,
To wither up his perjured heart!

STANZAS,

Written in dejection, near Naples.

BY PERCY B. SHELLEY.

The sun is warm, the sky is clear,
The waves are dancing fast and bright,
Blue isles and sunny mountains wear
The purple noon's transparent light
Around its unexpanded buds;
Like many a voice of lone delight,
The winds, the birds, the ocean floods,
The city's voice, itself, is soft, like solitude's.

I see the deep's untrampled floor,
With green and purple sea weeds strown;
I see the waves upon the shore,
Like light dissolved in star showers thrown;
I sit upon the sands, alone—
The lightning of the noontide ocean
Is flashing round me, and a tone
Arises from its measured motion.
How sweet! did any heart now share in my emotion

Alas! I have nor hope nor health,
Nor peace within, nor calm around,
Nor that content, surpassing wealth,
The Sage in meditation found,
And walked with inward-glory crowned—
Nor fame, nor power, nor love nor leisure.
Others I see whom these surround—
Smiling they live, and call life pleasure;
To me that cup has been dealt in another measure.

Yet now despair itself is mild,
Even as the winds and waters are:
I could lie down like a tired child,
And weep away the life of care
Which I have borne, and yet must bear,
Till death, like sleep, might steal on me,
And I might feel in the warm air
My cheek grow cold, and hear the sea
Breathe o'er my dying brain its last monotony.

Some might lament that I were cold,
As I, when this sweet day is gone,
Which my lost heart, too soon grown old,
Insults with this untimely moan;
They might lament—for I am one
Whom men love not—and yet regret,
Unlike this day, which, when the sun
Shall on its stainless glory set,
Will linger, tho' enjoyed, like joy in memory, yet.

From the Baltimore Patriot, Extra, of March 4.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS
OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE U. STATES,
4th March, 1833.

FELLOW CITIZENS—The will of the American people, expressed through their unsolicited suffrages, calls me before you to pass through the solemnities preparatory to taking upon myself the duties of President of the United States, for another term. For their approbation of my public conduct, through a period which has not been without its difficulties, and for this renewed expression of their confidence in my good intentions, I am at a loss for terms adequate to the expression of my gratitude. It shall be displayed, to the extent of my humble abilities, in continued efforts so to administer the Government, as to preserve their liberty and promote their happiness.

So many events have occurred, within the last four years, which have necessarily called forth, sometimes under circumstances the more delicate and painful, my views of the principles and policy which ought to be pursued by the General Government, that I need, on this occasion, but allude to a few leading considerations, connected with some of them.

The foreign policy, adopted by our Government soon after the formation of our present Constitution, and very generally pursued by successive administrations, has been crowned with almost complete success, and has elevated our character among the nations of the earth. To do justice to all, and submit to wrong from none has been, during my administration, its governing maxim; and so happy has been its results, that we are not only at peace with all the world, but have few causes of controversy, and those of minor importance remaining unadjusted.

In the domestic policy of this Government, there are two objects which especially deserve the attention of the people and their Representatives, and which have been, and will continue to be, the subjects of my increasing solicitude. They are the preservation of the rights of the several states, and the integrity of the Union.

These great objects are necessarily connected, and can only be attained by an enlightened exercise of the powers of each within its appropriate sphere, in conformity with the public will constitutionally expressed. To this end, it becomes the duty of all to yield a ready and patriotic submission to the laws constitutionally enacted, and thereby promote and strengthen a proper confidence in those institutions of the several states and of the United States, which the people themselves have ordained for their own government.

My experience in public concerns, and the observations of a life somewhat advanced, confirm the opinions long since imbibed by me, that the destruction of our State governments or the annihilation of their control over the local concerns of the people, would lead directly to revolution and anarchy, and finally to despotism and military domination. In proportion, therefore, as the general government encroaches upon the rights of the States, in the same proportion does it impair its own power and detract from its ability to fulfil the purposes of its creation.

Solemnly impressed with these considerations, my countrymen will ever find me ready to exercise my constitutional powers in arresting measures which may directly or indirectly encroach upon the rights of the States, or tend to consolidate all political power in the General Government. But of equal, and incalculable importance is the union of these States, and the sacred duty of all to contribute to its preservation by a liberal support of the Government in the exercise of its just powers. You have been wisely admonished to 'accustom yourselves to think and speak of the Union as of the palladium of your political safety and prosperity, watching for its preservation with jealous anxiety, discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can in any event be abandoned, and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of any attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the sacred ties which now link together the various parts.'—Without union our independence and liberty would never have been achieved—without union they can never be maintained. Divided into twenty-four, or even a smaller number of separate communities, we shall see our internal trade burdened with numberless restraints and exactions; communication between distant points and sections obstructed, or cut off; our sons made soldiers to deluge with blood the fields they now till in peace; the mass of our people borne down and impoverished by taxes to support armies and navies; and military leaders at the head of their victorious legions becoming our law-givers and judges. The loss of liberty, of all good government, of peace, plenty, and happiness, must inevitably follow a dissolution of the Union. In supporting it, therefore, we support all that is dear to the freeman and the philanthropist.

The time at which I stand before you is full of interest. The eyes of all nations are fixed on our republic. The event of the existing crisis will be decisive in the opinion of mankind of the practicability of our federal system of government. Great is the stake placed in our hands: great is the responsibility which must rest upon the people of the United States. Let us realize the importance of the attitude in which we stand before the world.—Let us exercise forbearance and firmness. Let us extricate our country from the dangers which surround it, and learn wisdom from the lessons they inculcate.

Deeply impressed with the truth of these observations, and under the obligation of that solemn oath which I am about to take, I shall continue to exert all my faculties to maintain the just powers of the Constitution, and to transmit unimpaired to posterity, the blessings of our federal Union. At the same time, it will be my aim to inculcate, by my official acts, the necessity of exercising, by the General Government, those powers only that are clearly delegated; to encourage simplicity and economy in the expenditures of the Government; to raise no more money from the people than may be requisite for these objects, and in a manner that will best promote the interests of all classes of the community, and of all portions of the Union.—Constantly bearing in mind that, in entering into society, 'individuals must give up a share of liberty to preserve the rest,' it will be my desire so to discharge my duties as to foster, with our brethren in all parts of the country, a spirit of liberal concession and compromise; and, by reconciling our fellow citizens to those partial sacrifices which they must unavoidably make, for the preservation of a greater good, to recommend our invaluable Government and Union to the confidence and affections of the American people.

Finally, it is my most fervent prayer, to that Almighty Being before whom I now stand, and who has kept us in his hands from the infancy of our Republic to the present day, that he will so overrule all my intentions and actions, and inspire the hearts of my fellow citizens, that we may be preserved from dangers of all kinds, and continue for ever a UNITED AND HAPPY PEOPLE.

Venezuela.—Advices have been received at Philadelphia from Caraccas to the 25th, and from La Guayra to the 25th of January inclusive. The third constitutional Congress was installed on the 25th, when S. Quintero was chosen President, and S. Unda, Vice President thereof. At the opening of that body the President, Gen. Paez, communicated a message in which he states that the condition of the revenue is satisfactory—that the government has been able to meet all her current expenses, and that she has had at her command some surplus funds in the Treasury. He recommends however yet further attention by the Legislature to the fiscal system. Adverting to the unhappy political divisions that had existed, and the mischiefs to the commonwealth from the want of union, he proposes consigning to oblivion every cause of former dissension "by incorporating into the army of Venezuela the officers named in the decree of 23d Aug. 1830, who only await, he says, the resolution of Congress to show that they are always the soldiers of the country. Having forced away the enemies of independence, they were entitled to share in the same fortunes. To establish this equality among all who desire well of their country, is an act of justice and national gratitude."

The President also recommends a reform in the judicial department, on which he justly says the property, life, and honor of the citizens depend. In conclusion, he entreats the Congress to decree the public honors due to the memory of Simon Bolivar, whose fame he cherishes with all the ardor of friendship, and all the zeal of a compatriot in arms.

On the same day that the Message was communicated, Senhor Andres Narvante, was elected Vice President of the State; and was succeeded in the Ministry of the Interior by Sen. Urbaneja.—*N. Y. Spec.*

The famous musical statue of Memnon is still seated on its throne, dignified and serene as the plain of Thebes. It is a colossus, fifty feet in height, and the base of the figure is covered with inscriptions of the Greek and Roman travelers, vouching that they had listened to the wild sunrise melody. The learned and ingenious Mr. Wilkinson, who had resided at Thebes upwards of ten years, studying the monuments of Egypt, appears to me to have solved the mystery of this music. He informed me that, having ascended the statue, he discovered that some metallic substance had been inserted in its breast, which, when struck, emitted a very melodious sound. From the attitude of the statue, a Priest might easily have ascended in the night, and remained completely concealed behind the mighty arms, while he struck the breast: or, which is not improbable, there was some secret way to ascend, now blocked up; for this statue, with its companion, although now isolated, were once part of an enormous temple, the plan of which may yet be traced. Thanks to the Phoretic Amunoph the Second, who lived many centuries before the Trojan war. The truth is, the Greeks, who have exercised almost as fatal an influence over modern knowledge as they have a beneficial one over modern taste, had no conception of any thing more ancient than the Trojan war, except Chaos. Chaos is a poetic legend, and the Trojan war was the squabble of a few marauding clans.—*Egyptian Thebes.*

From the New York Journal of Commerce.

BUENOS AYRES.

By an arrival at Philadelphia, we have received Buenos Ayres papers to Dec. 22d inclusive.

The resignation of Governor Rosas had been at length accepted, and Gen. Juan Ramon Balcarce was elected (by the House of Representatives) in his stead.

The new Ministry under Balcarce is composed as follows—Victoria Garcia de Zuniga, Minister of the Home Department; Gen. Enrique Martinez, of War; Dr. Manuel V. de Maza, of Grace and Justice, holding also provisionally the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Jose Maria Roxas, of Finance.

Major Mariano Moreno, under Secretary to the War and Marine Department, has been appointed Secretary of the Legation of Buenos Ayres to the United States; and Dr. Ruano, attache to the same.

The national cutter, Ana Sofia, in the Inner Roads, caught fire about half past 10 o'clock on the night of Dec. 12th, and was burned to the water's edge.

The Apostolic Vicar of Buenos Ayres, at the request of the government, has issued a decree reducing the number of holy days to *ten*, besides Sunday. All the half holy days are suppressed, with the exception of that of San Jose. In an accompanying note the Minister of the Home Department, states "that including Sundays and other holy days, rainy days, and contingencies of the weather, which render it impossible to work on the river La Plata, there are now (i. e. before the reduction took place,) more than 150 days in the year entirely lost as it regards labor."

Ocean Phenomena.—A naval friend, of high respectability and intelligence, who has seen, in a recent number of the Journal, an account of a singular ball of fire, which fell on board the ship Sir Edward Hamilton, has given us the annexed extract from the Journal of a Passenger on board the ship Pactolus, Capt. George Wilson, while on a passage from Valparaiso to Marblehead, Massachusetts:—

'After a succession of heavy gales from the time we sailed from Valparaiso, till we were nearly up with Cape Horn, in which we lost our boat, &c. &c., and while in the act of taking in a close reefed foresail, having scudded her under that sail as long as a due regard for the safety of the ship would allow—at about 11 o'clock, A. M., we were enveloped for a few seconds in almost total darkness, by a large black cloud, from which came wind and hail, either of which was sufficient to take a person off his feet, provided he had hold of nothing: out of this cloud came a ball of fire, about the size of a 32 lb. shot. It descended to within three or four feet of the long boat, where it was seen by every person on board, previous to its explosion, which was several seconds after its first appearance. The report of this non-descript thing, was as loud as that of four or five sharp muskets fired together. It had the effect to knock down nearly every man on deck—without, however, injuring any of them, if I except the injury received from the fright, which was *almost* death. The air was sulphurous for some time after the bursting of the ball. The chief mate was the first who came to his senses, and observing that the men were, from fear, unable to attend to the duty of the ship, he called out 'Come on! 'tis only a Cape Horn *snow ball!*'

I cannot describe the effect it had upon me, better than by comparing it with a severe shock of an electric machine—to which it was very similar. Its effect upon the chief mate was, he said, as if an immense weight was pressing him down, and I think he remarked at the same time, that he had once been struck with lightning and that the sensation was similar. No person on board (and we had some old, very old, salts,') had ever witnessed any thing of the kind before. It left no trace of its having come on board, except upon our memories, and from mine I am certain it will never be erased.'—*Providence Journal.*

Civilized and Savage.—We would thank any body to define these two terms, and tell, exactly, what makes a savage and what a civilized personage. Among savages, every man is regarded as honest; in civilized society, we are taught to regard all as rogues. Among savages, if a family leave their wigwam to visit a neighbor, they put a stick against the door, on the outside, to show the passers by they are absent; in civilized society, bars and bolts and locks are hardly a sufficient security. Savages manage their matters without prisons: civilization fills the country with them.

Which, then, deserves to be considered barbarians? We have learned to read—and savages have not: but we delight more in reading things that tend neither to make us wise, nor improve our morals, than in those which do—and where are we the better? The fault, however, is not in civilization—but in the want of it: in our semi-savage love of frippery and nonsense—in our ungoverned appetites, and uncultivated morals.—*Gen. of Tem.*

Chinese Skinless Oats.—This grain was imported into Holland about 4 years ago, from China, it has since been introduced into Ireland, and was brought from thence by Mr. Gibbons to Cape Breton: it is said to yield 26 bbls., of 296 lbs. each, from an Irish acre of ground; and can be used without grinding, but is better made into meal. It is, in its nature, very hardy, and well adapted to this climate, and one bushel is equal to three of the common kind, for all purposes that oats are used. It should be sowed early in May, and will be ripe the latter end of August.

Some of the above grain can be had at Mr. Edward Warren's, Halifax, N. S.—*Halifax paper.*

The analysis of the vote in the Senate, on the passage of the *Tariff Bill*, presents the following result:

States.	*Ayes.*	*Nays.*	*Absent.*
Maine	2	0	0
New Hampshire	2	0	0
Massachusetts	0	2	0
Connecticut	2	0	0
Rhode Island	0	2	0
Vermont	0	2	0
New York	1	1	0
New Jersey	1	1	0
Pennsylvania	0	2	0
Delaware	2	0	0
Maryland	1	1	0
Virginia	2	0	0
North Carolina	1	0	1
South Carolina	2	0	0
Georgia	1	0	1
Alabama	2	0	0
Louisiana	2	0	0
Mississippi	2	0	0
Missouri	0	2	0
Tennessee	2	0	0
Indiana	0	2	0
Illinois	1	0	1
Kentucky	2	0	0
Ohio	1	1	0
	29	16	3

Absentees.—Messrs. Brown of N. C.; Troup, of Georgia, and Kane, of Illinois.

Mr. Clay is the universal peace maker. He has caused Mr. Poindexter to tender the *amende honorable* to Mr. Webster, which was accepted according to the comity of Senators.—*Nat. Gaz.*

We are happy to observe that a bill has passed the House of Delegates of Virginia, appropriating $18,000, annually, for five years, for the purpose of colonizing in Africa, the free people of color in that State. A Board, consisting of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, &c. is constituted for making the proper arrangements with the Colonization Society—turning over the fund to them, obtaining the proper vouchers, &c.—*Nat. Intel.*

The following was the vote, on Mr. Clay's Tariff Bill, in the House of Representatives—

States.	*Ayes.*	*Nays.*	*Absent.*	*Total.*
Maine	6	1	0	7
New Hampshire	4	1	1	6
Massachusetts	0	13	0	13
Rhode Island	0	2	0	2
Vermont	0	5	0	5
Connecticut	0	6	0	6
New York	11	19	4	34
New Jersey	0	6	0	6
Pennsylvania	4	21	1	26
Delaware	0	1	0	1
Maryland	9	0	0	9
Virginia	20	1	0*	21
North Carolina	13	0	0	13
South Carolina	9	0	0	9
Georgia	6	0	1	7
Kentucky	12	0	0	12
Tennessee	9	0	0	9
Ohio	7	6	1	14
Louisiana	3	0	0	3
Indiana	2	1	0	3
Illinois	1	0	0	1
Missouri	0	1	0	1
Alabama	3	0	0	3
Mississippi	1	0	0	1
	120	84	8	212

* Add speaker, who did not vote of course.

We subjoin also an analysis of the vote in the House of Representatives on the passage of the Bill more effectually to provide for the *Collection of the Revenue*:

	Ayes.	*Nays.*	*Absent.*
Maine	7	0	0
New Hampshire	4	1	1
Massachusetts	13	0	0
Vermont	5	0	0
Connecticut	5	0	1
Rhode Island	2	0	0
New York	27	3	4
New Jersey	1	2	3
Pennsylvania	25	1	0
Delaware	1	0	0
Maryland	8	0	1
Virginia	8	13	0*
North Carolina	8	4	1
South Carolina	3	6	0
Georgia	1	6	0
Alabama	0	3	0
Louisiana	3	0	0
Mississippi	0	1	0
Tennessee	7	2	0
Missouri	1	0	0
Indiana	2	0	1
Illinois	0	1	0
Kentucky	7	4	1
Ohio	11	1	2
	149	48	15

* Speaker.

The noes were, Messrs. Weeks of New Hampshire; no other *nay* from the New England states;—Root, Babcock and Wheeler of New York; Cooper and Hughes of New Jersey; Coulter of Pennsylvania, Coke, Roane, Chinn, Allen, Barbour, Patton, Archer, Alexander, Davenport, Gorden, Mason, and Claiborne of Virginia; Hall, Rencher, Connor, and Carson of North Carolina; McDuffie, Barnwell, Davis, Felder, Griffin, and Nuckolls, of South Carolina; Foster, Lamar, Newnan, Clayton, Thompson, and Wilde, of Georgia; Clay, Lewis, and Mardis of Alabama; Daniel, Gaither, Hawes, and Wickliffe, of Kentucky; Plummer, of Mississippi; Arnold, and C. Johnson of Tennessee; and Stanberry, of Ohio.—Forty-eight in number.

The absentees were, Hammons, of Me; Angle, Dayan, and Jewett, of New York; Southard, Condict, and Condit, of New Jersey; Spence, of Maryland; Branch, of North Carolina; Adair, of Kentucky; Boon of Indiana; and Vance, and Kennon, of Ohio.—14 in number.

† Lent, of New York, (dead,) and the speaker not entitled to vote, make up the whole number. Ayes, 149; nays, 48; absent 14+2=213.—*Amer.*

ITEMS.

We find the following among the standing toasts given at a festival, in Boston, on the 8th inst., in commemoration of the battle of New Orleans.

Woman.—The morning star of infancy—the day star of manhood—the evening star of age. Bless our stars! May we always bask in their skyey influence till we are 'sky high.'

Upwards of 20,000 emigrants embarked at Liverpool the last year, 15,700 of whom proceeded directly to the United States.

Convention Bill.—The bill for ascertaining the opinion of the people of Pennsylvania, in relation to altering the constitution, has been postponed for the present, by the Senate, 14 to 11—which, (says the Reporter,) 'is perhaps an indication of the relative strength of parties on the subject.—*Adams Sentinel.*

If President Jackson should veto the Compromise bill, assigning such reasons as could be adduced from its history and texture, it would not be the worst exercise of the veto power which he has made.—*Nat. Gaz.*

A pamphlet has appeared in Washington, containing the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution of the United States, Washington's Farewell Address to the People of the United States, and the Proclamation of Andrew Jackson, President, to the People of South Carolina; *with prefatory remarks by John Quincy Adams.*

Married.—At Pontefract, Captain Broughton, R. N., nephew of General Sir J. D. Broughton, to Eliza, eldest daughter of J. Perfect, Esq.

Perfection is not—cannot be
The lot of man—and hence we see,
The fair who *Perfect* was before,
When *wed*, can *Perfect* be no more.

The case of Mr. Clay's bill is the most extraordinary *compromise* on record. The parties to it give interpretations of its spirit and text, diametrically opposite to each other; they receive it, each, in a sense totally different.

There has been so much speculative despondency in Congress, that the passage of the Enforcing bill is necessary as a symptom of practical vigor.—*National Gazette.*

Locomotive Engines.—We are pleased to learn that the Little Schuylkill Company have now in successful operation two Locomotive Engines engaged in transporting their coal to Port Clinton. A correspondent states that the Catawissa left Tamaqua, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on Wednesday last, with a train of cars for Port Clinton, and returned again in the evening. The Catawissa is stated to be a beautiful engine, and her machinery works remarkably well. This is the first experiment made on the rail roads in this county with steam engines.—*Miners' Journal.*

The Senate of the United States, on Wednesday last, rejected, for the third time, the nomination of Samuel Gwinn to the office of Receiver, in Mississippi.—*Pa. Intel., March 4.*

☞A bill has passed the Maryland House of Delegates, by a vote of 51 to 15, authorizing the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company to make a Rail Road from Baltimore to Washington City. The bill provides for a subscription of $500,000 on the part of the State.—*Pa. Intel., March 4.*

O'Connell has beautifully said, that 'Moore has made patriotism an article of the toilet! the wrongs of Ireland are felt by the young female heart, and man does not dare to exclaim against patriotism, when it comes recommended by those upon whom his destinies depend—and never patriotism appears so charming, as when it is animating the gentle bosom of woman.'

From the Working Men's Shield.

A MILLION OF FACTS,

BY SIR R. PHILLIPS.

Among the clever books we have recently received from London, is one with the above title; containing a vast variety of information in a small space. It will possibly be reprinted in America but as that is yet problematical, we offer a few extracts from it, which will serve to exhibit its character, while they convey some useful information.

The sea is to the land, in round millions of square miles, as 160 to 40, or as 4 to 1.

Fraimhoifer, in his optical experiments, made a machine in which he could draw 32,900 lines in an inch breadth.

There are 7,700 veins in an inch of colored mother-of-pearl. Iris ornaments of all colors are made by lines of steel, from 200 to the 1,000th part of an inch.

Bodies are transparent, says Newton, when the pores are so small as to prevent reflection.

The apprehension of the failure of a supply of coals in England, is delusion. In Yorkshire, alone, there are exhaustless beds, which are sold at 4s. or 5s. a ton.

The coal mines, which, in Staffordshire, have been burning for 200 years, consist of pyrites, subject to spontaneous combustion. Water will not extinguish them, because, when drawn off or absorbed, the pyrites burn more than before.

The odorous matter of flowers is inflammable, and arises from an essential oil. When growing in the dark their odor is diminished, but restored in the light; and it is strongest in sunny climates.

A chesnut tree grew at Tamworth, which was 52 feet round: it was planted in the year 800; and in the reign of Stephen, in 1135, was made a boundary, and called the great chesnut tree. In 1759, it bore nuts which produced young trees.

Botanists record 56,000 species of various plants; and 38,000 are to be found in the catalogues.

The height of mountains in the moon is considerable; ten are five miles, or nearly; and eight are from 4 to 4 miles. Three of the hollows are from 3 to 4 miles; ten are from 2 to 3 miles, and as many are nearly 2 miles.

Teeth are phosphate of lime and cartilage, but the enamel is without cartilage.

The muscles of the human jaw exert a force of 534 pounds, and those of mastiffs, wolves, &c. far more. The force is produced by the swelling of the muscles in the middle, and dilating again.

The number of ribs vary, being twelve or thirteen on a side.

Pittsburgh Bank Note Exchange.

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.	par	*New Jersey.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh	par	St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Philadelphia Banks	do	Trenton Bank	do
Bucks county Bank	do	New Brunswick	do
Carlisle Bank	do	Mount Holly	do
Germantown	do	Camden	do
Easton	do	Cumberland	do
Montgomery county	do	Newark Insurance	do
West Chester	do	State Bank at Morris	do
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	do	do. at Elizabeth'n	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Sussex	do
Lancaster Bank	do	Paterson bank	unc
Harrisburgh	do	*Connecticut.*	
Northampton	do	New Haven Bk. do.	2
York Bank	½	Bridgeport	do
Chambersburgh	½	Middletown bank	do
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Brownsville	½	*Virginia.*	
Gettysburgh	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
Erie	1	Valley B'k & bran.	do
Pottsville Bank,	1	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
Wilksbarre Bank	1	*Rhode Island.*	
Ohio.		Providence Banks	2
F. & M. B'k Steub.	½	Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Western Reserve	½	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
St. Clairsville	½	Oth. R. I. notes, gen.	do
Bank of Chillicothe	½	*Georgia.*	
Lancaster B'k	½	St. B'k & Branches	5
Columbus	½	Bank of Augusta	do
Com. B'k of Cincin.	½	Planter's Bank	do
Dayton Bank	1½	Bank at Darien	do
Urbana B'k	1½	*North Carolina.*	
Muskingum B'k	1½	State bk. & branches	4
Bank Geauga	1½	B'k of C. Fear & Br.	do
Com. B'k of L. Erie	1½	B'k of Newb'rn & Br.	do
Portsmouth B'k	3	*South Carolina.*	
Canton	½	St. B'k & Branches	3
Small Notes	1½	Charleston Bank	do
New York.		All other current notes	do
City Banks	1	*Vermont.*	
Troy & Albany B's	2	Burlington B'k	2
Mohawk Bk. Schen.	2	Windsor bank	do
Newburgh	2	Rutland do	do
Orange county	2	Bennington bank	do
Catskill	2	All other current notes	do
Auburn	2	*Massachusetts.*	
Geneva	2	Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2
Central Bank	2	Springfield	2
Chenango	2	Hamsh. Bk. N. Hamp.	2
Utica Bk. & branches	2	Salem	2
Ontario Bk. at Utica	2	Worcester	2
do. at Canandaigua		Other Massach. notes	2
Rochester		*Michigan.*	
Bank of Ithica		Bank of Michigan	2
Bank of Buffalo	2	F. & M. Bank	do
Chataque Co. B'k	2	Under 5s	3
All other current,	2	*Canada.*	
Delaware.		Bank of Canada.	4
Bank of Delaware	½	Bank of Montreal	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	York Bank	do
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	Quebec Bank	do
Branch at Newcastle	½	*Louisiana.*	
do. at Wilm'gton	½	New Orleans Bank	5
do. at George'n	½	Louisiana Bank	do
Wilmington & Bank		State Bank	do
Maryland.		*Alabama.*	
Baltimore City Bks.	par	State B. & branches	1
George's county	½	Mobile Bank	80
Annap. & br. Easton	do	*Gold.*	
Fredk co. Hav. de Gra.	do	American,	2 prem.
Westminster	do	Eng. Guin.	4 87 a 4.95
Hagerstown	do	Sovereigns	4 70a4 70
Williamsport	do	Napoleons	3 65 a 3.70
		Doub. Span.	15.25a15.30
		Do. Patriot	5a11-50

CITY HOTEL TO RENT.

THIS well known Tavern, at present occupied by Mr. E. Town, is offered for rent, for one or more years. It is situated in St. Louis, corner of Vine and Third streets; presenting a front of 86 feet on Third street, and 112 on Vine street. The house contains 36 spacious and comfortable lodging rooms, one dining room 65 feet by 26 feet; a bar room, and sitting rooms; two store rooms; two kitchens; one spacious smoke house; an ice house; two cellars, &c. The house is so well known over the whole western country that it is needless to say any thing respecting its many advantages—the proprietor will merely observe that his principal purpose is to procure a first rate *Tavern Keeper*, that a high rent is not his object, but that every facility will be afforded to a tenant of this description; and that he is determined, at every sacrifice, to make the City Hotel one of the best public houses in the western country. A gentleman possessing the necessary qualifications to conduct such a house, and having the required means, will find it to his advantage to make immediate application. Possession will be given on the 10th day of February next. Apply to

L. A. BENOIST,
Feb. 12, 1833.—w4t St. Louis.

Jefferson Foundry.

THE UNDERSIGNED most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have commenced the Iron Foundry Business, on the premises, Front street, (between Smithfield and Grant streets,) known as the Jefferson Foundry, where all orders will be received for Castings, Land or Boat Steam Engines, Machinery, &c., and will be executed with punctuality, and on the most reasonable terms.

SAM'L SMITH,
BENJ. MINIS.
may 4, 1832—tf

West Chester Boarding School
FOR GIRLS

IS located in the Borough of West Chester, Chester County, Pennsylvania, 24 miles west of Philadelphia, whence, on the completion of the rail road, nearly finished, the means of access to the school will be easy. There is at present by stages daily communication with Philadelphia, Lancaster, and Harrisburgh, and three times a week with Baltimore.

The situation is elevated and healthy, commanding an extensive prospect of a highly cultivated country. The buildings have been planned and completed expressly with a view to promote the comfort of the pupils; and it is believed the accommodations and care are such as to enable them to pursue their studies with satisfaction and advantage.

The school year consists of 48 weeks, divided into two terms: the first to commence the last second day in the 10th month, (October) and continue 24 weeks, when there will be a vacation of two weeks. The second term will then commence and continue 24 weeks, when there will be another vacation of two weeks.

Pupils are not admitted for less than a term, unless under peculiar circumstances.

If requested, scholars from a distance may remain in the family during the vacation.

The course of instruction comprises Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, Plain Needle Work, History, Astronomy, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Botany, Book Keeping, Rhetoric, Composition, and the elementary branches of the Mathematics.—Lectures on Chemistry and Natural Philosophy are delivered during the winter, illustrated by appropriate experiments.

The charge for tuition in the above branches, with the use of Maps, Globes, and Library; Board, Lodging and Washing, are $70 per term—$35 payable in advance, and $35 at the close of the term.

The French Language, Drawing and Painting, are taught at an additional charge of $5 per quarter for each. Ornamental Work in Fancy Articles, $4 per quarter.

No charge is made for the use of class books for reading—other books and stationary furnished at the usual prices.

Each pupil must be provided with her own wash basin and towels.

It is desired that parents and guardians avoid furnishing their daughters or wards with jewelry, expensive laces, or any other needless articles of apparel, and that they do not leave with them the control of money.

PHILIP PRICE,
JOHN P. SMITH.
West Chester, 9mo. 26, 1832. [March 5.—w4t.]

JOHN I. KAY & Co.
Booksellers & Stationers,

NO. 44 Market street, opposite Bank of Pittsburgh, keep on hand a general assortment of *Theological, Medical, Law, Miscellaneous and School Books*,

Wholesale and Retail, among which are—

Locke's Essays, new edition.
Mackenzie's 5000 Receipts.
Buck's Theological Dictionary.
Bunyan's Holy War.
Evidences of Christianity, by Alexander Watson, Jenyns, Leslie, and Paley, in 1 neat volume.
Divine Breathings; Evenings at Home, 100 engravings.
Religious Courtship; Young Cadet, plates.
Young Pilgrim, plates; Lalla Rookh, miniat. ed.
Almost a Christian, by Rev. Mr. Mead.
Mosheim's Ecclesiastical Church History (new edition) in 2 vols.
The art of Short Hand Writing, by M. T. C. Gould, Stenographer.
The works of Flavius Josephus, in 2 vols. and 1 vol.
Croly's Select British Poets; plates.
Byron's Works, in 8 neat vols.
A complete set of the Waverley Novels, 48 vols., sh. gt. cheap, and general assortment of *FAMILY and POCKET BIBLES* for sale low as above. March 5—3t

NOTICE.

JAS. E. BREADING, John Taylor, William Hogg, and George Hogg, having associated themselves together in the Wholesale Dry Goods Business, under the firm of

BREADING, TAYLOR & Co.
(*Successors of Trevor & Breading.*)
NO. 77 WOOD STREET,

Will keep constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of *FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS*, by the package or piece, on accommodating terms.

Country Merchants and others will find it to their advantage to call, and examine for themselves. Feb. 5.—w6mo.

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

A Valuable Remedy for Syphilis, Mercurial, and Scrophulous Diseases.

TWO Table Spoons full of the Fluid Extract, added to fifteen ounces of Simple Syrup, immediately produces a mixture similar to a pound of the Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and the same quantity added to fifteen ounces of water, instantly forms a mixture equivalent to a pint of Lisbon Diet Drink.

ALSO,

GEORGE W. CARPENTER'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder, Chronic Gonorrhœa, and Gleets of long standing.

For Sale at H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO's Drug Store, No. 42 Market street.
December 4, 1832.—tf

GEORGE COCHRAN, OF R'D,

WILL be prepared to receive Consignments of American Manufactures and Produce, at the Domestic Warehouse, No. 26, Wood street. He intends transacting a GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS, and will use his best exertions to render his establishment useful to the Merchant, Manufacturer, and others, who favor him with their business. He will be constantly supplied with an general assortment of DOMESTIC GOODS, at Wholesale, on the most favorable terms.

☞The partnership of COCHRAN & IRWIN was dissolved on the 1st instant, by mutual consent.

☞The Cincinnati Gazette and Louisville Advertiser will each insert the above to the amount of $4. Pittsburgh, January 11, 1833.—tf

REGARDER FIXEMENT.

THE subscriber, living near Little Beaver Bridge, Columbiana county, Ohio, proprietor of that noted and valuable Stand, in the town of Wooster, Wayne county, Ohio, formerly occupied (and ever since its erection) by Mr. John Hemperley, as a Tavern or *Hotel*, is desirous of renting the same from the first day of April next, at which time possession may be had. The house is spacious and well finished, fronting on Market street, a short distance from the Public Square; there is on the premises abundance of stables and other out-buildings, where the public stages, heretofore, generally stopped; there is also two or three meadow lots, convenient, that may be had with the other property. The rent will be made low, inquire of the subscriber, or John Larwill, Esq., of that place, who will treat on the terms. No person need apply who cannot show satisfactory proof of his integrity and moral worth.

JOHN BEVER.
February 12.—t1A.

J. SHIDLE, Manufacturer of Paper Hangings, has removed to St. Clair street, near the All

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 12, 1833.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.—The Bill incorporating the Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank of Pittsburgh, has passed the Lower House.—No time has yet been fixed for an adjournment—probably this will not take place until the 9th or 16th of April.

CONVENTION IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—Yesterday, the 11th inst., this body of Nullifiers reassembled to deliberate upon the measures to be adopted in relation to the new tariff bill. It is, we think, not difficult to foresee the course which they will pursue. The decided and unequivocal conduct of General Jackson, in relation to their treasonable projects, has placed them in a position from which they would gladly seize any pretext to escape.—It was, some time since, announced in the Senate of the United States, by Mr. Miller, one of the Senators from South Carolina, that the passage of *any* new tariff bill, even if it should *increase* the duties, would render the nullification ordinances null and void. We, therefore, have no reason to doubt that the late tariff bill will prove satisfactory.

It is true that, by this bill, the duties on Plains, Kerseys, or Kendal cotton, are raised from *five* per centum ad valorem to *fifty* per centum; and it is also true that no reduction of the duties is to take place until after the thirty-first day of December next. These two features of the bill will, no doubt, be objectionable in the view of the leaders of nullification. But then the general tenor of the whole act will more than counterbalance these unpalatable items.

The provision, especially in the third section of the bill, that after the 30th day of June, 1842, *duties shall be laid for the purpose of raising revenue*, will no doubt be abundantly satisfactory to the nullifiers. It amounts to an entire abandonment of the principle of protection. This abandonment is, to be sure, delayed for a few years, but the most inveterate Englishmen would scarcely expect our government to sacrifice *instantaneously* the great number of capitalists who had embarked their all in manufactories, upon the faith of the government.

Dr. Cooper himself would scarcely have the effrontery to ask that the mechanics and laborers, who are now living comfortably, should at once be reduced to abject poverty. Even Dr. Cooper, we presume, would consent that this change in the circumstances of a very numerous and valuable class of the community should be gradual.—That it will be rapid enough, and indeed sudden, no rational mind can hesitate to believe. We have, therefore, no doubt that the Convention now sitting will at once repeal their ordinances, and that South Carolina will have full credit for her moderation in submitting to the terms which she herself has dictated.

SABBATH SCHOOLS.—On our return from our recent journey to Harrisburgh and Baltimore, we traveled two days in company with an intelligent English mechanic.—In course of conversation, he informed us that he had entered into a cotton factory before he was seven years old, and had remained in it until he was sixteen, when he was put an apprentice to a hosier. In reply to a question by a fellow traveler, he stated that he had never been in any school except a Sabbath School, where he had learned to read, write, and cipher. This evidence of the value of those institutions, coming as it did, unexpectedly, was truly gratifying to us, and we have no doubt will be so to many of our readers.

MR. CLAY'S BILL AND THE NEW TARIFF.—The bill, as passed, is generally spoken of as Mr. Clay's bill, and yet there are several very material differences between them. The bill, as passed, bad as it is, is decidedly better than that which Mr. Clay proposed. In canvasing Mr. Clay's conduct, therefore, it is an error to give him credit for the provisions of the present bill. He should be tried by his own *project*, and by its merits he should stand or fall. His own bill shows how far he was willing to go in his desire to conciliate the South, and in his hostility to Gen. Jackson.

One of the objections to his bill was, that it subjected Teas, Coffee, and various other articles which we cannot produce, and which are now admitted free of duty, to a duty of *twenty* per cent. ad valorem, being just the same rate as is imposed on Wool, Iron, or any other article produced in the country.

The following is the third section of this bill, as proposed by Mr. Clay.

'And be it further enacted, That until the 30th day of September, 1842, the duties imposed by existing laws, as modified by this act, shall remain and continue to be collected. And from and after the day last aforesaid, all duties upon imports shall be collected in ready money, and laid for the purpose of raising such revenue as may be necessary to an economical administration of the government; *and for that purpose shall be equal upon all articles according to their value, which are not by this Act declared to be entitled to entry subsequent to the said 30th day of September, 1842, free of duty.—And, until otherwise directed by law from and after the said 30th day of September, 1842, such duties shall be at the rate of 20 per cent. ad valorem.—And from and after that day all credits now allowed by law in the payment of duties, shall be, and hereby are, abolished: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the passage of any law, in the event of war with any Foreign Power, for imposing such duties as may be deemed by Congress necessary to the prosecution of such war.*'

In the bill, as passed, the words in Italics are omitted, and the following words substituted:

'And from and after the day last aforesaid, the duties required to be paid by law on goods, wares, and merchandise, shall be assessed upon the value thereof at the port where the same shall be entered, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.'

And at the close of the fifth section of the bill, as passed, it is provided, that articles now admitted duty free, or paying less than twenty per cent. may, after the 30th June, 1842, be subjected to such duty, not exceeding twenty per cent., as shall be hereafter provided by law.

Mr. Clay's bill, therefore, prospectively fixed the duties on these articles, such as *Teas, Coffee, &c.* at twenty per cent.—The bill, as passed, leaves these duties for future legislation.

A report was lately made to the House of Delegates in Virginia by the Committee of Finance, declaring it inexpedient to pass a bill, which had been referred to them, for the suppression of lotteries. Mr. Moore moved so to amend the report, as to declare it expedient to make provision that all lottery privileges should cease after a certain day, to be subsequently fixed. On this question the yeas and nays were taken, and it was decided in the affirmative—yeas 97; nays 2.

From the Harrisburgh Intelligencer.

ANTI MASONIC CONVENTION.

The Anti Masonic Convention of Young Men, assembled in the Court House, in this borough on Monday, at 3 o'clock, P. M. Between 80 and 90 Delegates were in attendance. The Convention was temporarily organized by calling John F. Charles, to the Chair, and appointing Charles A. Sullivan, Secretary. The list of delegates was then called, and the Convention was organized by the appointment of the following officers.

CHARLES A. SULLIVAN, *President.*

ABRAHAM KAUFFMAN,
SAMUEL BROBST,
DAVID SAMPLE,
SAMUEL M. BARNITZ, } *V. Presidents.*

GEORGE G. BARCLAY,
E. G. SCHRACK,
H. S. M'CONNELL,
ROBERT IREDELL, } *Secretaries.*

A committee of seven, consisting of Messrs. Smith, of Delaware, Darrah, of Allegheny, Burrowes, of Lancaster, Barclay, of Philadelphia, Walker of Erie, Acheson, of Washington, and Butler, of Luzerne, were appointed a committee to report to the Convention the subjects proper for consideration.

On motion of Mr. Henderson, the several editors of papers, were invited to take seats within the bar.

Messrs. Jones, Burrowes, and Walker, addressed the Convention at considerable length. The remarks of Mr. Walker were sensible, liberal, and forcible. The Convention adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock, on Tuesday morning.

Tuesday, March 5.

The Convention met according to adjournment.

Mr. Smith, from the committee to prepare business, made report, designating eight different subjects for the action of the Convention, which report was adopted, and the committees appointed, when the Convention adjourned till 3 o'clock.

Three o'clock.—The Convention met, when Mr. Jones of Philadelphia, from the State committee, made a report on the state of the Antimasonic party, which was adopted.

Mr. Burrowes, from the committee on the subject of the better organization of the Antimasonic party, reported a system of State organization, consisting of a Pennsylvania Society for the dissemination of information, with a President, Treasurer, and Secretary, to reside in Philadelphia.

On motion of Mr. Myers,

Resolved, That this Convention recommend to the Legislature, the passage of a law, making the administration of extra-judicial oaths penal.

Which, after being discussed by Messrs. Irwin, Jones, Walker, Burrowes, Barclay, and one or two others, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Acheson,

Resolved, That the features of Masonry have been indelibly written by the pen of Washington.

Mr. Acheson, gave at some length, the reasons for the resolution, and his views on the subject.

Mr. Walker followed in a short speech in support of the views taken by Mr. Acheson, when the resolution was unanimously adopted.

Adjourned till 10½ to morrow.

Wednesday, March 6.

The Convention met at half past ten o'clock The minutes of yesterday being read, Mr. Darrah, from the committee to draft an address to the people said, that from the indisposition of some of the members of the committee, they had not as yet been able to mature such an address as would meet the views of all the committee. He therefore, asked leave to make their report through the State committee, at a future time, when they would be able to treat different and various subjects, in the manner that he hoped would be acceptable to the Convention, and bring no dishonor on the committee. Which request was granted.

Mr. Ashbridge, from the committee on the subject of the oaths and obligations of Freemasonry reported. The report was read and adopted.

Mr. Charles from the committee on the subject of the success of Freemasonry at the late election, made report, which was adopted.

Mr. Burrowes, offered a preamble and resolution relative to the printing of the proceedings, and the disposal of the surplus funds of the Convention, which was adopted.

The Convention then proceeded to the election of President, Treasurer, and Secretary, of the Society for the dissemination of information, when the following gentlemen were elected.

JOHN R. JONES, *President.*
JOHN GEST, *Treasurer,*
SAMUEL LYNN, *Secretary.*

Several resolutions were offered and laid on the table, when the Convention adjourned to meet at 3 o'clock, this afternoon.

Not being present until late in the afternoon session, we are unable to give a full abstract of proceedings. We have understood, however, that one or two reports of committees were made, and several resolutions passed. The Convention was very ably addressed by Mr. M'Connel, who took a general view of the subject, and treated of the rise, progress, present state, and future prospects of the party.—Mr. Sullivan, president, then closed the proceedings by a neat and appropriate address, when the convention adjourned *sine die*

The Test Oath.—Mr. John C. West, who was recently elected Sheriff, in Kershaw District, S. Carolina, has been required by Governor Hayne to take the nullification test oath before any of his acts will be considered *legal.* He refused to do it, and has published an address to his constituents, giving his reasons for refusal at length. He assigns, among other constitutional and conscientious objections, that he cannot swear to 'enforce laws which an irresponsible association has the power to suspend at pleasure,' meaning, we presume, the nullification club at Charleston. Mr. West will doubtless be superseded, and be again a candidate, and the Camden Journal promises that he will be sustained by a triumphant majority in the District. This process may be repeated perpetually, and all legal proceedings be thus arrested in the district by the peaceful action of the unionists in their elective character. 'Thus,' says the Charleston City Gazette, 'it will be seen that the reign of proscription has begun, in good earnest.' And the Courier says that Mr. West's example will be followed by the Union party throughout the state.—*Balt. Amer.*

Something like a Job.—The claims under the Neapolitan treaty are said to amount to *forty-five!* for the adjustment of which three Commissioners, at an annual salary of $3,000 each, a Secretary, at $2,000, and a Clerk, we suppose, at $1500, are appointed.

The Commissioners are John R. Livingston, Jr. of this city, P. V. Daniel, of Va., (he was recently, we believe, Lieutenant Governor of that practical Commonwealth,) and W. Silliman, of Ohio.

It is said there were fifty or sixty applicants to the President for these offices. We do not know that a better index could be furnished of the motives of political partisans generally, of their disinterestedness, than by the occasional publication of a list of applicants to the General Government for office, together with the names of their certifiers and backers.—*N. Y. Amer.*

Mr. Stephen Simpson, of this city, is preparing for the press a biography of Washington and Jefferson, a parallel history of those great men, which will derive much importance from the sources whence are derived the facts, and the peculiar manner of arranging them. The volume will be of 300 or 400 pages, and will be published on the first of May, at $1. The work, in such able hands, may be made eminently instructive.—*U. S. Gaz.*

It has been estimated by well informed persons in South Carolina, that about forty thousand individuals have emigrated from that State since the passage of the Nullifying Ordinance. Three hundred emigrating families had crossed a single Ferry on Flint River, within the space of ten days.—*Nat. Gaz., March 4.*

FOREIGN NEWS.

From Trieste we have dates to day of 20th Dec. The Bavarian troops, destined to accompany young Otho of Bavaria to Greece, had arrived, and their martial appearance excited general admiration. The whole, about 4000 in number, were to embark in five divisions, and sail immediately. Admiral Miaulis and the Greek Commissioner, appointed to meet their young King, had also reached Trieste, and were well received by his juvenile Majesty.

We remark the following paragraph in a London paper.

'The outrages from which sprung Capt. Rock, originated, it is known, on the property of Lord Courtenay (now Earl of Devon,) in Limerick.—Mr. Matthew Barrington, Crown Solicitor for Munster, in his testimony before the Select Committee on the state of Ireland, a copy of which reached us yesterday, thus detects the 'real' Captain Rock:—'The Captain Rock of Ireland was a tenant or resident on the estate, his name was Dillane. We took him as an approver, and it tended much to the peace of the country; he is now in America. This was the origin of the Rockites.'—*Nat. Gaz.*

From the National Gazette.

The example of the Nullifiers in South Carolina has been altogether so bad, not merely in regard to the general government, but to domestic relations, that it cannot be too frequently or variously noted for reprobation elsewhere. While they have tasked their ingenuity for arguments and protests against the truly republican maxim, that the will of the majority, *duly* expressed, under a formal political compact, or national creation, such as our federal and national system, should predominate—a maxim which, thus qualified, it was before thought that no American would have the hardihood ever to contest—while they have been so employed, they have asserted for their *own* domestic majority a kind of *omnipotence;* have confounded mere physical power with moral and civil competency; and claimed every prerogative and license for the will of mere prevailing numbers, without being able to plead any general covenant or agreement of society implying the duty of general submission. It is a truly republican author who has said—

'A right to do wrong, or to commit injustice, is an abuse of language, and a contradiction in terms. It is no more competent to the collective body of a people, than it is to any single usurper. When we admit such a prerogative in the case of any sovereign, we can only mean to express the extent of his power, and the force with which he is enabled to execute his pleasure. Such a prerogative is assumed by a leader of banditti, at the head of his gang, or by a despotic prince at the head of his troops.'

There is no universal, *abstract* law that the voice of the majority is the general will; it is the constructive general will only when there has been a regular organization by common consent; and as such only can it be obligatory. The Nullifiers take the widest possible latitude (incalculably exorbitant) for the sway of the majority—for *their* sovereignty of the People,—at home, while they utterly deny the principle in the case of the People of the United States, of what 'We the People' ordained and established in a written instrument, in a clear, and ratified text—the strongest case which has ever existed, or could be presented, of the legitimacy of the rule. The sovereignty of the mere majority in South Carolina is absolute, primogenial, indefeasible, boundless; its necessary correlative, non-resistance, passive obedience; or rather, unhesitating, unlimited support, to all extremities of self-immolation and universal ruin. This is not an exaggeration of their proclaimed doctrine. But the sovereignty of the general government, according to the same jurists, is narrowly partial and qualified so as to remain little more than nominal; a mere concession, to be most strictly defined, from the states; a reflection of a share of their original power and privilege; and the principle that the majority shall prevail, they represent, when they treat of it as claimed for that government, as not only not inherent and proper, but as utterly false, anti-republican, and pernicious!

The dissensions, wars, and final common ruin of the republics of Greece, were occasioned by the selfish and exclusive spirit of each—by the want of Greek or national patriotism, in contradistinction to Athenian, Spartan, Theban. The feeling with which Mr. Tyler, the Senator in Congress from Virginia, declared that he was not a citizen of the United States, or one of the Union as represented by the general government, exemplifies the want and the evil which we have indicated in the case of the Greeks. For the preservation of our Union, national sentiment and habits are particularly to be cultivated—the idea of *country* in the mind of every American within our vast republic, ought to be enlarged and exalted—co-extensive with the whole surface and the universal weal. The predominance of sectional or State spirit is not necessary for the preservation of his liberties against any possible danger to them from the general government; he has adequate securities in the constitution of the federal and national system itself, and his peculiar principles, intelligence, position and resources. "Our country is not a thing of mere physical locality, of geographical situation. It consists of social and political relations, connections, and interests." *Omnes omnium charitates patria una complectitur*—the *Union*—*Nat. Gaz.*

From the National Gazette, March 4.

In the National Intelligencer's abstract of the proceedings of the Senate, on Friday last, on Mr. Clay's bill, we find the following remarks:

'Mr. Webster said that he stood on the ground that specific duties and discrimination in laying them, were the essence of the protective system, and these had been surrendered in this bill. He would leave this point to be settled by the people. He then made some brief answers to the remarks of the Senators from Delawars and New Jersey. He thought it was among the possibilites that when the gentlemen came together next session, they would be told that a new law would be necessary to carry this into effect. They would then be told that this bill would produce no diminution of the revenue, and that if the revenue is to be reduced, it must be by a different modification of the Tariff. He replied that as to what had been said about practical men, the opinion of half a dozen or a dozen such convened here was not to be mistaken for public opinion; and he was far from believing that the opinions of practical men were always the surest guides for politicians: He repeated that artisans and mechanics would be severe sufferers under the operation of this bill, which woulk take off the protection from those articles.

He made a brief reference to what had been said concerning his resolutions, and concluded with saying that he did take the ground that this Bill was an abandonment of the essence of the protective principle.'

A volume of nearly four hundred pages has just been published in Philadelphia, entitled "A Short History of Paper Money and Banking in the United States," &c. The work is from the pen of William M. Gouge, Esq.—a gentleman who has devoted more time to the subject upon which he has now written, and who probably understands it more thoroughly than any other individual in the country,—at least than any one who has ever given publicity to his views and knowledge in the matter, in such a form. The book before us abounds with facts which could not have been collected but with earnest and industrious research. The account of provincial and continental paper money, for example, must have required no slight or careless thumbing of olden records.

As a history of a medium and a pursuit which always will *interest* every community and every individual, the book in question deserves the attention and patronage of every member of society, who desires to be clearly enlightened on a favorite and paramount theme. The price of the work has been fixed at the low rate of one dollar.—*Phil. Inq.*

On Wednesday evening last, Mrs. Rebecca Getter, a resident of Forks Township, Northampton County, was found dead in a field near the road and with the appearance of having been murdered. She lay on her back beside a stone fence and her comb was crushed to pieces under her. From the position of the body and the faint marks of struggling, the murderer had evidently fixed his death grasp upon her throat, and did not relax it until life was extinct. The deceased was married about six weeks since to a person named Charles Getter, a laboring man, of the same township. Getter, the husband, has been arrested and committed to jail.

Pennsylvania Canal.—We see by an advertisement in the Beaver Argus that John Dickey, superintendent of the Beaver division of the Pennsylvania canal, has given notice to the contractors on that line, that funds have been appropriated for its completion, and that all contractors are required to recommence operations, by the 23d of this month, or signify their intention of doing so immediately by writing directed to the superintendent, or their jobs will be considered as relinquished, and will be re-let accordingly. We mention this for the benefit of the contractors in this section. There will be a letting on that line on the 2d of April. There will also be a letting on the Franklin line on Tuesday the 12th inst.—*Erie Gazette.*

The amount appropriated, at the late Session of Congress, for the continuation of the Cumberland Road on Westward, is nearly half a million of dollars.—*Balt. Amer.*

The venerable James Madison was, on the 5th of March, 83 years old. He was born on the 5th of March, 1750.

A meeting of citizens of Allegheny county, N. Y. was held at Angelica, on the 21st ultimo, at which it was resolved to petition the Legislature to construct a canal from Rochester, through the valley of the Genesee river, to Olean Point.

Upwards of six hundred shares of United States Bank Stock were sold in New York on Saturday, at 105 a 105¾.—*Nat. Gaz. March 4.*

Two grand-daughters of Count Rochambeau, and two officers who served in our War of Independence, have presented petitions to Congress for compensation for services rendered by the grandfather, in the instance of the first petitioners, and by the petitioners themselves in the second.

Lost Child.—A Nashville (Tenn.) paper contains an advertisement, offering a reward of $500 for the recovery of a little girl, named Caroline Hawkins Bullock, supposed to have been stolen or decoyed away, on the 16th January last, from about six miles east of Courtland, near the road leading to Decatur, in that State. Said girl is about five years old, fair skin, blue eyes, light hair, and possesses a remarkably pleasant countenance. Any information respecting her fate will be thankfully received by her father, John Bullock, Nashville.

A new book on the United States, entitled, 'America and the Americans,' has appeared in London. The following extract from its preface is given by the Boston Post as an indication of its tone and temper:

'In the course of my travels and residence in the United States of America, which country I visited solely with commercial views, and unprovided with any direct demands for what are termed civilities, notwithstanding the plague spot, slavery, in one district, I saw so much to cheer the philanthropist, so much to delight the lover of liberty, so much to interest even the money-spending as well as the money-getting class; in short, I saw a nation so much further advanced in all the useful arts, as well as the elegancies of life, that I, in common with the great majority of Englishmen, were willing to believe, that my impressions on the whole were decidedly favorable, and were freely communicated to all with whom I conversed.'

Preventive of Sea Sickness.—The Academie d Industrie, published in Brussels, states that a girdle worn round the body above the bowels, that is over the epigastrium, will prevent sea sickness. It is said to operate by keeping the intestines from pressing upward against the diaphram when the ship descends from the top of a wave. The upward motion of the vessel does not cause the disgusting and painful sensation of sea sickness, but affords an instantaneous relief.

The journal above mentioned speaks of this as by no means a modern invention, but known to the monks of Palestine who kept it secret, but were well paid by selling, to pilgrims embarking at Eametta for Europe, bits of paper which had touched the holy sepulchre, with directions to have them bound in this manner round their bodies. This procured a brisk sale for their papers.

Symptoms resembling those of sea sickness are often experienced by persons of delicate nerves in riding in a carriage over a rough road, by swinging, falling, and what is remarkable, while dreaming of falling from a considerable elevation. It has been observed that ladies wearing long corsets, tightly laced, however injurious they may otherwise be to the health, are some times preserved by them from sea sickness. An instance is given of a seaman who escaped this malady for many years by wearing a belt on account of some injury he had received in his side.

The Way to Get Married.—Five female sisters, have been committed to Salop jail, on a charge of shop lifting in the shop of Mr. George Collier, in Wellington. It appears from the statement of the prisoners, themselves, that finding it very difficult to obtain husbands on reasonable terms at Wellington, they committed the theft in the hope of securing mates at Botany Bay, where, as report says, ladies are in much request.—*London paper.*

For Sale,

DRAFTS on Wheeling, Cincinnati, and Louisville, at par, payable at sight.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, No. 48, Wood street,
Pittsburgh. March 12.

Wanted,

SEVERAL Sums of Money on Mortgage, on good property in the City of Pittsburgh. Persons wishing to invest, will please apply to

GEORGE A. COOK,
Exchange Broker, Pittsburgh.
March 12, 1833.

THE WESTERN FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

UNDER the Superintendance of *William B. Lacey, D. D.*, is prepared for the reception of Pupils at any time.

The design of the Institute is to impart an accurate and thorough knowledge of all the solid and polite branches of female education; and, having engaged teachers of distinguished learning and accomplishments, the President hopes to fulfil the design.

The expense of board and tuition, in the Institute, will vary, according to the branches taught, from $120 to $200 per annum.

Of the qualifications of Dr. *Aikin*, who is employed as a teacher of the Natural Sciences, the learned and well known Prof. Eaton thus speaks: 'If you want a pretty good practical mathematician, one of the best botanists in America, an experimental chemist, of the first order, a very superior Geologist, Mineralogist, and Zoologist, you have him in Dr. *William Aikin*.'

For the practical results of the Institute, so far as time has afforded an opportunity for their development, Dr. Lacey respectfully refers to the following communication:

Mr. Craig—Permit us, sir, through your columns, to convey to the public an expression of the high gratification afforded by a recent visit to the 'Western Female Collegiate Institute,' under the charge of the Rev. William B. Lacey, and opened for the reception of pupils about six months ago.

We attended, on the 22d ult., the first examination of the Students, and deem it an act of justice to the learned and indefatigable gentleman at the head of the Institution, as well as important to western parents, that there should be given a public and responsible assurance of the high promise of this New Seminary.

The Young Ladies were examined in Rhetoric, Moral, Mental, and Natural Philosophy, Criticism, and Belles Lettres, Geography, and the use of the Globes, Arithmetic, the French Language, and other studies, essential to a polite and finished education. In all, and by all, great readiness and proficiency were exhibited. In the French Language, the peculiar advantage of learning its accent and idiom from a lady, who had herself acquired a knowledge of it in early youth, under the most favorable auspices, was evident from the accuracy and distinctness of the pronunciation of her pupils.

In mental improvement, every facility which deep acquirement and a most happy mode of imparting instruction can bestow, is here offered to the Student, and in the refined and winning elegancies of female deportment, an example is constantly presented, which cannot fail to attract, and impress itself lastingly upon those within its influence.

Indeed, we know of no advantage peculiarly desirable in an Institution of the kind, which this does not seem to possess.

Respectfully, sir, your most ob't serv'ts,
GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D.
EDWARD Y. BUCHANAN,
CHARLES SHALER,
T. B. DALLAS,
JAMES S. CRAFT,
O. METCALF,
J. K. M'NICKLE,
NATH'L RICHARDSON,
JOHN D. DAVIS,
WM. WADE.

March 12.—tf

AN ORDINANCE,

Making Appropriations for the year 1833.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of Allegheny*, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated for the following purposes, to wit:

For the Salary of the Burgess	$50	
of the Town Clerk	50	
of the Street Com.	75	
of the Treasurer	30	
of the Assessor	20	
of the High Const.	25	
For collecting taxes	160	$350 00
For interest on moneys borrowed		162 00
For credits to individuals for repairing roads, according to former resolutions of the Councils		30 00
For grading and recording the grade and regulation of all the public streets and alleys in the Borough, not yet graded and regulated, and for re-examination of the gradings heretofore established		100 00
For surveying, plotting, and recording the lines of the Borough, and the principal streets, and the commons therein, and for putting down permanent stone posts, and other land marks		50 00
For digging off and filling up the commons contiguous to the east side of Federal street, and for protecting the same		100 00
For filling up Lacock street in Anderson's plan		25 00
For improving the landing, at the mouth of Gray's lane		25 00
For repairing Morgan street		10 00
For repairing under the Arch, at the end of the aqueduct		50 00
For filling up and repairing East lane		25 00
For repairing the Butler road, east of the in-lots		30 00
For repairing and filling up Federal street, north of the commons		200 00
For repairing the north end of Beaver street, and for draining the commons north east of the Penitentiary		50 00
For improving the west end of Water alley		20 00
For improving the west end of Lacock street		20 00
For repairing Rebecca street, near Mr. Otterson's		25 00
For repairing Robinson street, and the foot bridge, west of the Canal Bridge		40 00
For repairing Robinson street, from the Canal Bridge to Federal street		30 00
For repairing Darragh street		20 00
For repairing Bank Lane, from the river to the Canal		25 00
For repairing Lacock street, between Federal and Darragh streets		30 00
For repairing Washington and Liberty streets		20 00
For repairing Federal street, from the commons to the river, and for improving the landing above the bridge		200 00
Total,		$1,637 00

Ordained and enacted into a law, the 7th day of March, A. D. 1833. JOHN TASSEY,
President of the Council.

Attest—JOHN MORRISON, *Town Clerk.*

APPROVED—In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the Seal of the Corporation to be affixed, this 7th day of March, A. D. 1833.

HUGH DAVIS,
March 12, 1833. *Burgess.*

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS situated in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, adjoining and near the Canal Basin, are offered for sale. These lots belong to the estate of the late James S. Stevenson, Esq., deceased, are very eligibly situated for business, and will be sold on very accommodating terms. Apply to

CHARLES AVERY,
JOHN M. SNOWDEN,
JOHN THAW,
Executors of James S. Stevenson, deceased.
January 22, 1833.—wtf

EDUCATION.

AT the solicitation of a number of his friends, a Clergyman, residing in a pleasant village, in a neighboring county, well qualified by education and experience as a teacher, will take charge of a class of boys, of suitable ages, to study the Latin and Greek Languages, together with English Grammar, Geography, History, &c.

The Pupils will board in the family, and be constantly under the direction and care of the Teacher. Enquire of the Editor. Feb 19—w3t

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AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Burgess to borrow *Six Thousand Dollars*, for the use of the Borough.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Burgess and Council of Allegheny*, That the Burgess be and he is hereby authorized to borrow, on loan, any sum or sums of money not exceeding six thousand dollars, and to issue a certificate or certificates therefor, under the seal of the corporation, bearing interest, which interest shall be made payable semi-annually by the warrant of the Burgess on the Borough Treasurer; and the certificate or certificates so issued shall be signed by the Burgess and countersigned by the Treasurer, and shall be transferable by the proper owners, or their legal attorney, executors, administrators, or assigns, by endorsement thereon, at the office, and in the presence, of the Borough Treasurer, for the time being; and shall not be paid or reduced by the Borough, except with the consent of the holders thereof, before the 1st day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty three, and the money so borrowed shall be paid to the Borough Treasurer, and applied by him in such manner as shall hereafter be directed by ordinance of the Burgess and Council, and the faith, funds, credit, revenue, and corporate property of the Borough are hereby solemnly pledged for the payment of the sum hereby authorized to be borrowed, as aforesaid, and for the payment of the interest of the same.

Ordained and enacted into a law, the 7th day of March, A. D., 1833.

JOHN TASSEY,
President of the Council.

Attest—
JOHN MORRISON, *Town Clerk.*

APPROVED—In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the seal of the Corporation to be affixed this 7th day of March, A. D. 1833.

HUGH DAVIS,
Burgess.

March 12, 1833.—3t

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 6, for 1833: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 23d March, 1833. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.—Sixty-Six Number Lottery—Ten Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000 is	$30,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	4,000	4,000
1	3,704	3,704
30	1,000	30,000
30	500	15,000
55	200	11,000
56	100	5,600
66	70	3,920
56	60	3,360
56	50	2,800
112	40	4,480
2184	24	52,416
15400	12	184,800
45760 tickets.		$366,080

Whole tickets, $10 00 | Halves, $5 00
Quarters, 2 50 | Eighths, 1 25

Orders from abroad, enclosing Cash, or Prize Tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The 'Despatch,' containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. When five dollars or more is sent for tickets, postage need not be paid. Packages of wholes and shares prepared, and will be sold by certificate or otherwise. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

S. J. SYLVESTER.
March 12, 1833.

BARK! BARK!!

I WISH to purchase 100 Cords of BLACK OAK BARK, to be delivered at my Tan Yard, adjoining Birmingham, in St. Clair township, Allegheny county, during the ensuing summer. Also, a few tons of *Sumach*.

FREDERICK BAUSMAN.
Feb. 22, 1833.—tf.

Brewery for Sale.

THE PHŒNIX BREWERY, situated in Kensington, Pittsburgh, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. The Brewery and Buildings attached to it are in good order. For terms, apply to Walter H. Lowrie, Esq., Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber.

WILLIAM JOYCE,
East Liberty.
Feb. 12, 1833.—wtf.

HARDWARE.

M'KIM & MASLIN, No. 248 Market street, Baltimore, and MASLIN & Co. No. 4 North Third street, Philadelphia, are receiving, this spring, a large and handsome assortment of Hardware, Cuttlery, Saddlery, Edge Tools, Anvils, Vices, &c. &c., selected by one of their partners, now residing in England, at the *lowest Cash Prices*, which they offer to their friends and purchasers generally, at reduced prices, for cash or approved paper.

Feb. 5, 1833.—1awtIA.

House and Lots for Sale.

THE House and Lot, situated in Allegheny-town, on the bank of the Ohio river, now in the occupation of Mr. T. Pears.

Also, a Lot of Ground, adjoining the above, 45 feet front, and extending back 400 feet, to the foot of Seminary Hill.

Also, four Building Lots, situated at the corner of Ross and Front streets. The terms will be accommodating: for further particulars, apply to Thomas P. Pears, in Allegheny-town, or to

BENJAMIN BAKEWELL,
Feb. 26.—3w Pittsburgh.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that by ...er of the Orphans' Court, of the cou...t Washington, will be exposed to sale by ... Vendue or outcry, on Tuesday, the 19th da... March next, a certain TRACT OF LAND, situate in Nottingham township, in said county, containing 103 acres and 82 perches; adjoining lands of Samuel Gammel, Henry Crites, George Onstat, and others, late the estate of Samuel Munn, deceased.

The sale will be held on the premises, and term... made known by Frederick Bausman and Edm... Thomas, administrators of said estate.

[By the Court.] JAMES RUPLE, *Clk.*
Feb. 18, 1833.

N. B. On the above farm there are two good Dwelling Houses, a Log Barn, Two Coal Banks, a fine Apple Orchard, and Meadow.

Sale to take place at 10 o'clock of said day; and if not sold, it will be for rent from the first of April next. FREDERICK BAUSMAN,
EDMUND THOMAS,
Feb. 26.—3t *Administrators.*

TO RENT,

AND POSSESSION GIVEN FIRST OF APRIL,

THAT New Two Story Brick House, on one of the Lower Lots in Allegheny town, pleasantly situated on the bank of the Ohio river, containing 8 good rooms, and a garret; likewise a good kitchen and small dining room, in the cellar, along with which is one acre of first rate land, for garden and pleasure ground, on which are planted some first rate fruit trees, and shrubbery. For terms, apply to ANDREW KIRKWOOD, corner of Wood and Water streets, Pittsburgh.
Feb. 19—wtf

New Stourbridge Glass Works.

J. ROBINSON & SON,

GRATEFUL for the very liberal patronage they have heretofore received, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have considerably reduced the prices of their Glass.—They still continue to manufacture all kinds of

FLINT GLASS WARE,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 10, *Corner of Ross and Second streets,*

where all orders in their line will meet with immediate attention.

A large and general assortment will be kept constantly on hand. Orders can be filled at the shortest notice.

N. B. Terms will be found as low as at any other manufactory in the western country.

Pittsburgh, March 8.—tf.

Havanna Segars, English Walnuts, &c.

15,000 WHITING, Cansio, and Roque Segars, all celebrated brands;

10 bags English Walnuts;
5 cases Citron;
20 boxes Scotch Herring. For sale by
CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE.
March 8.—1m.

Bacon Hams, Lamp Oil, &c.

SUPERIOR BACON HAMS, for family use;
do. Winter strained OIL—for sale by
CASSAT, HUTCHISON, & LEDLIE,
March 8, 1833.—1m.

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2 SEROONS S. F. Indigo;
150 bbls., No. 2 and 3, Mackerel;
50 do. Superfine Flour;
40 do. Tanners' Oil;
10 bags Havanna Coffee.
CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE,
March 8, 1833.—1m.

FAMILY FLOUR,

CONSTANTLY kept for sale by
CASSAT, HUTCHISON & LEDLIE,
No. 8, Market street.
March 8, 1833.

REMOVAL.

TASSEY & CHURCH

HAVE Removed to the extensive Ware-Houses, Numbers 108 and 110, Second, between Wood and Smithfield streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Cochran & Irwin, where they intend keeping constantly on hands, a full supply of all articles in the

GROCERY LINE,

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

JUNIATA IRON AND NAILS, COPPER, TIN PLATE, AND WIRE.

Feb. 12, 1833.—tf

5000 LBS. COTTON YARN, No. 5 *a* 10;
600 lbs. Candlewick;
Carded Cotton;
Carpet Yarn and Coverlet Yarn,
Sattinet Warps.
For sale by GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd,
January 29, 1833. No. 26 Wood street.

TO LET,

THE Large Rooms in the brick building on the south west corner of Market and Fourth streets, occupied by the Pennsylvania Museum; immediate possession given. Enquire at the Museum. Feb. 5.

FOR SALE,

THE MANSION HOUSE of the late Alexander Johnston, Jr., Esquire, deceased, now in the tenure of S. Colwell, Esquire.

WILLIAM HAYS, } *Ex'rs.*
JOHN SNYDER, }

Jan. 4, 1833.—tf

JOHN BLAIR,

Furrier & Cap Manufacturer,

NO. 136 LIBERTY STREET,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the above Business, in the house formerly occupied by Wm. Morgan, Hatter, next door to W. Closey's Shoe Store, a few doors from the corner of St. Clair street, where he is manufacturing all descriptions of

Men's & Youths' Cloth, Leather, and Fur

CAPS

Of the latest Fashions, suitable for this season of the year; made of the best materials; well adapted for merchants and others, and sold cheaper than any establishment in the United States, and forwarded to all parts of the country.

He has at present on hand a Large Supply of

MEN'S	BOYS'
Lustre Seal Caps;	Russian Octagon Tops;
Sea Otter do	English Flush do
Black Hair Seal do	American Opera do
Brown do. do	Belgian Signet do
Gray do. do	Jackson Patent do
CLOTH.	*English Turbans,*
German Swag Tops;	Of Lustre Seal;
French Tiara do	Chinchilla;
English Baloon do	Cloth, Velvet;
American Rifle do	French Merino, &c.

Leather Opera, Round & Octagon, of various shapes.

N. B. Will receive, in a few days, a large assortment of Furs, viz: Pelerines, Cloak Collars.
December 4.—1y

Lots for Sale or Lease.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, on accommodating terms, a few Lots of Ground, containing about Ten Acres each.

Also, for Rent, from the 1st of April next, Thirty Acres of Land, well watered, and enclosed with board fence, having thereon a good Brick Dwelling House, with suitable offices—all of which is handsomely situated near East Liberty—5 miles from the city.

☞ For terms, and further particulars, apply to the proprietor, No. 194 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
JAMES LAUGHLIN.
December 7, 1832.—tf

GEO. W. CARPENTER'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF LIVERWORT,

A SAFE and Valuable Medicine for Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Consumption, and Liver Complaints.

Most of the medicines made use of for the above diseases are of a stimulating nature, composed generally of Resins and Balsams, in alcoholic solutions, which, although sometimes giving temporary relief, in almost every instance where they are freely used, aggravate the disease, and reduce the strength of the patient.

This article possesses superior advantages over these preparations, its action being of a tonic, invigorating and strengthening nature, thus overcoming the disease by promoting expectoration, and gradully increasing the strength of the patient, and thus, without being attended with any unpleasant effects: it also agrees with the stomach, in all cases, and is a pleasant medicine to take.

Sold by
H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
No. 42 Market Street.
4, 1832.—tf

European & American Agency,

MORE PARTICULARLY WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

THE undersigned intends, as usual, to leave Pittsburgh, Pa. on the first day of March, and sail from New York on the first day of April next, on a *Fourteenth Tour*, through Great Britain and Ireland, transacting every description of business, as a

GENERAL AGENT,

And will return to Pittsburgh, about the first of December, 1833.

Many years ago he made extensive arrangements, whereby money remittances could be made and received to and from upwards of five hundred cities and towns on the continent of Europe, viz: in France, Holland, Germany, Switzerland, Italy, &c. &c.

In England, Scotland, and Ireland, legacies and hereditary property recovered and received; lands, houses, and tenements sold; claims, debts, dues, demands, inheritances, and rents collected; estates managed; stocks and all kinds of reversionary property sold; dividends of bank annuities received; voting in the choice of assignees; receiving dividend and signing certificates; acting as commissioner in taking the acknowledgment of fines and recoveries; examining witnesses under commission; procuring all kinds of documents; comparing and cross comparing same, if necessary, and proving them in evidence, on trial; witnessing the execution of deeds and memorials thereof, so that they can be registered according to act of Parliament; making searches of all kinds in public offices; proving the identity and existence of Cestui que Vies, or lives of leases of lands; procuring and receiving the consignment of goods and vessels, &c. &c. &c.

If required, reference can be given in every part of the United States, and every information may be obtained, by post paid letters, addressed,

'JAMES STUART,
European Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.'
Pittsburgh, Dec. 18, 1832.—tf.

E. HALE,

SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS removed to the house lately occupied by Mr. Saml. P. Darlington, No. 71 in Fourth street, next door to the corner of Wood st. where he will be happy to wait upon those who may require his professional services, in all its various branches.

N. B.—For sale, a superior Tooth Powder. Also, J. White's Tooth Ache Drops.
March 10, 1832.—tf

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm o LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,—all sizes.
Pittsburgh, may 21, 1829—tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq., late of Ross township, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers, and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } *Ex'rs.*
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }
Feb. 28, 1832.—tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed o their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823—tf

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.
Mobile, may 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

GLASS WARE.

BAKEWELLS AND ANDERSON inform their friends and the public, that they have made a reduction in the prices of their Glassware, and have now on hand a complete assortment of Plain, Cut, and Prest Glass of every description.

Also—Plain, Cut, and Prest Bureau Knobs, and a variety of Japan, Britannia, and Plated Castor Frames—received direct from the manufactories.

BAKEWELLS & ANDERSON.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 5, 1833.—3m.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND, situate on Long Run, Versailles township, Allegheny county, containing about 149 acres and allowance, &c., part of which is cleared and having a Log Dwelling House, &c.

Also, A Small Tract of Land, on the Youghiogany river, containing about 25 acres, on which is a Small Dwelling House and Salt Well, &c.

Also, Two Small Lots of Ground, containing about 14 acres, on Long Run, adjoining Woods' Mill—principally cleared.

Also, A Lot of Ground, No. 84, in the Town of Birmingham.

☞ Terms made known by the subscriber, at his office, in the Diamond, city of Pittsburgh.

SAMUEL GORMLY,
Administrator, &c. of the Estate of Robert Smith.
February 12, 1833.—8w

STORE TO RENT.

THE Store now occupied by H. P. Schwartz & Co., Druggists, No. 42 Market Street, between 2d and 3d streets. Possession can be had on the 1st of April. Apply to JOHN I. KAY & Co., Book Sellers, No. 44 Market street.
Feb. 19, 1833.—3t

TO LET,

THE two Three Story Brick Houses, near the South East corner of the Diamond, now occupied by Samuel Cooper and Henry Stafford.

ALSO,

Five Rooms over the Stores at the corner of the Diamond and Market street, suitable for lawyers' offices. Enquire of

JAMES B. IRWIN.
December 28—tf

JOHN D. MAHON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FROM CARLISLE, Pa.

HAVING removed to Pittsburgh, will attend to the business of his Profession, in the several Courts of Allegheny and the adjacent Counties. ☞ Office, No. 44 Fourth street, near Market. Pittsburgh, Nov. 6.—tf

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Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public that they have in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood street, a number of Sticking Machines, which enable them to supply, with promptitude, to any extent, orders for Cards of every description—Cotton and Woollen Manufacturers, and Carding Machine builders, will be accommodated on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States.

The Public are most respectfully referred to the following certificates.

Gentlemen—We are in receipt of your letter of 18th inst., and in reply, have to say that all the Cards purchased by us from your concern, has upon trial, proved to be good; we incline to the opinion that they are superior to any we have bought east of the mountains. Very respectfully,

MOORES & WILSON,
Point Cotton Factory, Wheeling, Va.
To Messrs. G. Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh.
Nov. 21, 1831.

We have had in use, for some time, the Machine Cards manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and have no hesitation in pronouncing them equal to any Cards heretofore made use of in our establishment.

JAMES ARTHURS & BROTHERS.

The undersigned have been using, for the last six months, Cards manufactured by G. Faber & Sons, of Pittsburgh, and unhesitatingly say, they are the best they ever worked: they recommend manufacturers to give them a trial for themselves, and believe they will not be disappointed in their quality.

THORNILEY & TOWNSEND.
Fallston, Nov. 22, 1831.

The Card Clothing manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, which we have in use in our establishment, (the Hope Cotton Factory,) has given the greatest satisfaction, and we feel justifiable in recommending them to others.

SHOENBERGER, WRENSHALL & Co.

The Machine Cards, manufactured by Messrs. George Faber & Sons, Pittsburgh, some of which are in use in the manufactories at Economy, Beaver county, Pa., have given entire satisfaction, I therefore have no hesitation in recommending them to the patronage of the manufacturers generally. Yours, respectfully,

FREDERICK RAPP.
December 30—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle,* (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson,* of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,

No. 20, *South Front street,*
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale. January 18—tf

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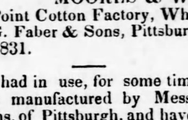
To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.



THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞ When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet; on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER
January 22, 1830.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the farm on which he lives, in Washington county, on Pigeon creek, one mile south of Williamsport, on the Monongahela river, to which there is a perfectly level road. This farm contains near 400 acres, the greater part of which is first rate land. There is on the premises a Brick Dwelling House, a Merchant mill, in good repair, a new saw mill, a stone still house, 35 by 40 feet; a salt works is also in operation, and worked to advantage; about 150 acres of land cleared and under good fence. There is on the premises three small tenements for the accommodation of families. This tract is well timbered, and abounds with stone coal and springs of water, both of the best quality.

To a person wishing to embark in a manufacturing business, and possessing capital, this would be a very desirable situation, having the advantage of both water power from Pigeon creek, and banks of the very best coal near to the works, and easy of access, and its vicinity to so navigable a river, where articles of any kind are so cheaply transported to Pittsburgh.

For further particulars, apply to James P. Stuart, Merchant, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber on the premises.

Dec. 16—tf. ROB'T. M'FARLAND.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Heron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They giv their opinion as to the great value of the invention state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the worl as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.
Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

BAIRD & BALDWIN,

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

NO. 7 COMMERCIAL ROW.

☞ *Refer to—*
ALLEN & GRANT, *Pittsburgh.*
C. MACALLISTER, Jr. & Co., *Cincinnati.*
A. G. JAUDON & Co., *or*
MACALLISTER & YORK, *Philadelphia.*
WHITALL, JAUDON & Co., *or*
YORK, MACALLISTER & Co., *New Orleans.*
July 10, 1832.—tf

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC ELIXER.

ONE of the most agreeable and efficacious Medicines ever discovered for the permanent cure of those chronic states of derangement of the stomach, constituting that miserable disease called Dyspepsia.

The basis of this Elixer is vegetables, and perfectly innocent in its operation; it destroys that sour state of the stomach, the instant it is taken, and stops the morbid secretion, by giving strength to the muscular fibre of that important organ, by which means the peristaltic motion of the intestines is increased, and the costiveness obviated; a new action is given to the system, which puts an end to a train of distressing nervous sensations.

Another form of the disease in which the Elixer is admirably calculated to relieve, is the decline of fever, where the stomach will not bear the ordinary strengthening medicines indicated in such cases, it has the surprising effect of giving vigor, and restoring the natural secretions of the body, without increasing the febrile state. Not the least danger is to be apprehended from exposure to cold, while under the use of this medicine, nor will it interrupt necessary employment of the patient a single hour.

☞ A number of cases of cures performed by the Anti-Dyspeptic Elixer in the vicinity of Pittsburgh can be given.

For sale by H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co., No. 42 Market street. August 24, 1832.—tf

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DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞ *WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.* ☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics*, and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26 tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,

NEW ORLEANS

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.
October 26, 1830—tf.

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.
march 22, 1831.—tf

THE WESTERN FEMALE

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

IS now open for the reception of Young Ladies, in that elegant, commodious, and delightfully situated mansion, lately occupied by Mrs. Agnes Irwin, on Erin Hill, one mile east of the city of Pittsburgh, near the right bank of the Monongahela river.

The design of the Institute is to impart an *accurate and thorough knowledge of all the solid and polite branches of female education;* and, having employed the assistance of several ladies of distinguished learning and accomplishments, the proprietors hope to fulfil the design.

The general classification of Studies, and Terms of Instruction in the Institute, are as follow:—

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Rudiments of Arithmetic, Geography, Grammar, and Plain Sewing, $4 per term.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Chronology, Elements of History, Rhetoric, and Needle Work, $6.

Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, History, Rhetoric, Botany, Geology, Composition, Moral Philosophy, Elocution, and Fancy Work, $7.

History, Geometry, Astronomy, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Logic, Elements of Criticism, Composition, and Elocution. $8.

Elocution, Intellectual Philosophy, Evidences of Christianity, Natural Theology, Domestic Economy, compreheuding the Intellectual, Moral, and Manual branches of this department, $10.

French, Spanish, and Italian, each $8.

Music on the Guitar, Piano Forte, and Harp, including the use of the instruments for practice, each $13.

Drawing and Painting, $6. Painting on Velvet, with theorems, $4. Bronzing and Painting in the Chinese style, $20 per course.

Board, instruction in Callesthenics, Weekly Lectures on Etiquette and Polite Manners, Fuel, Candle-light, Pew Rent, and general superintendence, $2 50 per week. ☞ All bills payable quarterly in advance.

Those who prefer the arrangement, may have their daughters boarded and instructed in *all* the branches taught in the Institute, at the rate of $200 per annum.

Dr. Lacey and his Institute have the honor of being recommended to the public confidence and patronage, by the following distinguished gentlemen:

E. T. Throop, Governor of the State of N. Y.; Edward P. Livingston, Lieut. Governor, do.; Rev. Eliphalet Nott, D. D. President of Union College; Reuben H. Walworth, Chancellor of the State of New York; A. Flagg, Secretary of State; Silas Wright, Jr. Comptroller; James Porter, Register in Chancery; John Townsend, Mayor of the city of Albany; Alonzo Potter, A. M. Professor of Bells Lettres and Moral Philosophy Union College; P. A. Proal, A. M. Prof. of the French language and literature, U. Canada; T. R. Beck, M. D. Prof. in the Col. of Phy. & Sur. of the W. District, and Principal of the Albany Academy; Rt. Rev. B. T. Onderdonk, D. D. Bishop of the Diocese of N. York, and Prof. of the nature, ministry and polity of the church in the G. T. Sem.; Rev. Thomas Lyell, D. D. Rector of Christ Church, N. Y.; Rev. George Upfold, D. D. Rector of Trinity Church, Pittsburgh; Rev. John Ludlow, D. D. Pastor of the North D. Reformed Church, Albany; Rev. W. B. Sprague, D. D. Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, Albany; Rev. Thomas Burch, Pastor of the North Methodist E. Church, Albany; Rev. James Martin, A. M. Pastor of Associate Church, Albany.

☞ There will be a vacation of four weeks, in August: of one in November; one in February, and one in May.

☞ For further particulars, refer to the Prospectus, or to the Subscriber,

WM. B. LACEY.
October 2, 1832.—1ysw

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.
Pittsburgh, may 10, 1831—tf

Valuable Real Estate in the Market.

FOR SALE,

TWENTY-TWO LOTS, handsomely situated on Grant's hill, in Hoge's extension, near the tunnnel.

Upwards of forty lots in the village of Lawrenceville.

A number of valuable lots situate on the Monongahela river, and on either side of the extension of Second street, adjacent to the city.

Two valuable tracts of land, situate about 7 miles from Pittsburgh, near the Washington Turnpike Road and Chartier's creek.

The lot of ground, in Pittsburgh, on which the old banking house now stands. Terms of payment will be made easy. Apply to

A. BRACKENRIDGE.
April 6.—tf At the Office B. U. S.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.
April 5—tf.

FOR RENT,

THE HOTEL in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, now occupied by Mr. Samuel Mackey. Possession will be given on the first of April next.

☞ Apply to H. M. WATTS,
At his Office, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Jan. 8, 1833.—tf

CANVASSED HAMS.

JUST received, in superior order, 1000 CANVASSED HAMS—for sale by

JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.,
Nov. 13—tf Water street.

LOTS! LOTS!!

THE following Valuable Lots are offered at Private Sale, until the first of February next, and if not sold then, they will be offered at Public Sale, viz:

4 Lots in Fifth Street, adjoining the Mansion House.

20 Lots in Penn street, beginning at the corner of Wayne.

☞ Any person wishing to purchase, will please call on B. Darlington, who will show a plan of said lots, with the terms.
Pittsburgh, January 8, 1833.—tf

LEWIS HUTCHISON,

HAVING associated HARVEY F. BOLLMAN with him in the Commission Business, it will in future be transacted at his Ware House, No. 92 Front and 44 Water street, under the firm of

Lewis Hutchison & Co.

Who intend keeping on hand a general assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Articles, for sale at the lowest market prices. Their warehouse being large with a convenient enclosed yard for the storage of Pig Metal, Blooms, &c., they solicit consignments of these articles, also every description of country produce. Liberal advances made on consignments.
Jan. 25, 1833.—3m.

TO LET,

THE Upper Rooms of the new house, at the corner of Fifth and Market streets, suitable for offices. Possession given on the 1st of April next. Apply to

H. P. SCHWARTZ & Co.
January 1—tf No. 42 Market street

FOR SALE.

THE interest of the late M. S. Mason in the Pennsylvania Rolling Mill, (being one third of the concern) is offered for sale on advantageous terms.

It is believed that the investment will prove a safe and profitable one. Terms of payment will be made easy. For further information, apply to

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co., or
JAMES RIDDLE.
Dec. 25.—tf.

NEW INVENTION.

Faber's Patent Clover Mill.

GEORGE FABER, of Chambersburgh, and Edward Faber, of the city of Pittsburgh, having obtained Letters Patent for a Machine for Hulling and Cleaning Clover Seed, White Caps and Smut from Wheat, &c., are now prepared to sell Machines, or Counties' and States' Rights to make, vend or use them. Persons feeling disposed to avail themselves of this useful invention, can see a Machine in operation, and obtain all necessary information concerning it, by applying at the Machine Card Manufactory of Geo. Faber & Sons, No. 116, Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to George Faber, Chambersburgh, Pa.

Mills constructed agreeebly to this invention, may be worked by manual labor, and will hull without any injury to the seed. A Wind Mill may be attached to the Clover Mill, so that all kinds of grain may be cleaned.

Letters on the subject, addressed as above, will meet immediate attention.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 9, 1832.—tf.

COOK'S REGISTER *and Lottery and Exchange Telegraph* is published semi-monthly, at one dollar per annum.

Contents—Bank Note Table of the Rates of Exchange at Pittsburgh; a copious description of the altered and counterfeit Bank Notes that are in circulation in the west; a list of Broken Banks; prices of Gold, Stocks, &c. Subscriptions received at GEORGE A. COOK'S Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
October 21, 1831.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers, having associated themselves together, under the firm of

Darlington & Peebles,

(Late B. Darlington) as Wholesale Dealers in FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

No. 51 *Market, between* 3*d &* 4*th streets,*

Where they now have, and are receiving a general and splendid assortment of Cutlery, Plated and Tinned Saddlery, Plated Castors, do. Candle Sticks, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Shovels and Tongs, Astral, Stand, and Hanging Lamps, Hair Cloth for Sofas; together with all kinds of Birmingham goods, viz: Anvils, Vices, Steel, Mill & Cross Cut Saws, Shovels, Spades, and Axes. All which they offer on the most accommodating terms. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine.

ALSO,

A well selected assortment of Edge Tools,

BENCH AND MOULDING PLANES.

B. DARLINGTON.
ROBERT H. PEEBLES.

N. B. All those that are indebted to B. Darlington, either by Note or Book Account, will please call and settle, with as little delay as possible, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

B. DARLINGTON.
Nov. 20, 1832.—tf.

OFFICE

FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF GOLD, SILVER AND NOTES.

WANTED, AT HIGH PREMIUMS,

American Gold,	Guineas,
Sovereigns,	Ducats,
Doubloons,	Napoleons,
Guilders,	Len Thalers,
Louisd'ors,	Johannes.

Every description of Bank Note Paper discounted at the lowest rates.

Drafts and Notes of hand collected.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits.

Certificates issued payable in 30, 60, or 70 days after date, with interest.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Oct. 23 Exchange Broker.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission

WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER,
MARK GRAHAM.
Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore,)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin,)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22—tf

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FOR RENT.

THE Dwelling House lately occupied by O. Ormsby, Esq., deceased, in St. Clair township, nearly opposite Pittsburgh, together with the buildings and gardens appurtenant. Possession will be given immediately.

Also—A Commodious Dwelling House, on the south side of the Monongahela river, above Birmingham, belonging to the Estate of O. Ormsby; together with sufficient ground for a Garden, on which there are a number of excellent fruit trees.

Apply to
CHARLES S. BRADFORD, *or*
HENRY M. WATTS.
Dec. 25—tf

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE

IN ALLEGHENY TOWN.

THE Subscriber wishes to sell a number of building lots, handsomly situated, being bounded by Ohio street, Sandusky street, and Gay alley.

The terms of payment will be made known, and a plan of the lots shown to any person, on application to the subscriber, living in Allegheny town, or to Mr. John Irwin, at his Rope Warehouse, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets, in Pittsburgh. ALEXANDER SEMPLE.
Pittsburgh, April 20, 1832—tf